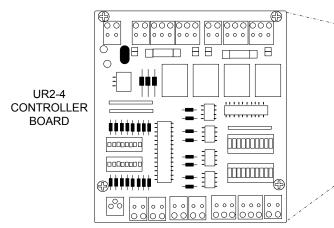


801 Avenida Acaso, Camarillo, Ca. 93012 • (805) 494-0622 • www.sdcsecurity.com • E-mail: service@sdcsecurity.com

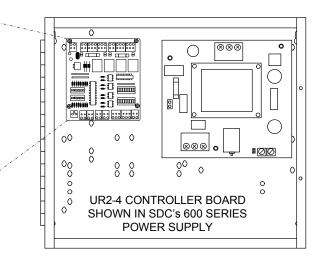
# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS - MODEL UR2-4** UNIVERSAL DOOR CONTROLLER



#### Features & Benefits I.

- Microprocessor based relay controller that provides 7 • different, field selectable application modes up to two door stations
- 3 field selectable Interlock (airlock) modes .
- Field selectable Communicating (shared) bathroom mode •
- Field selectable relay modes include: •
  - Conventional Relay (CR)
    - Latching Relay (LR) Pulse on, pulse off
    - Time Delay Relay (TD) 1-65 seconds
    - Dual Function Relay (CR/LR, TD/LR, TD/CR, CR/CR)
- Each output relay is field selectable as a dry contact or a voltage output

# II. Technical Specifications



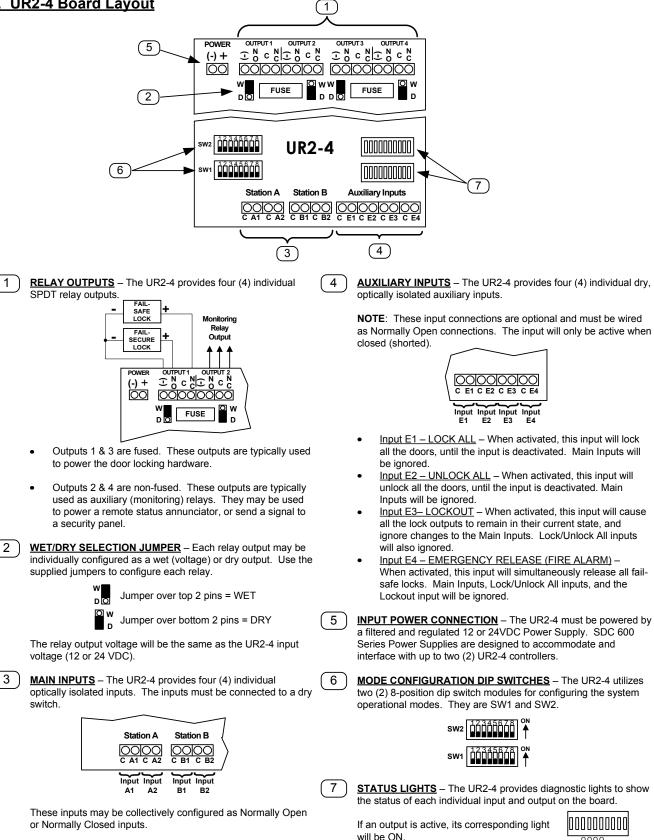
- Centralized wiring for all locks, access controls, monitoring ٠ contacts, and peripheral equipment
- Onboard input/output status lights for easy troubleshooting
- 3 system control inputs: Lock All, Unlock All, System Lockout
- Emergency release input for fire panel interface
- Removable terminal blocks simplify installation
- 1 or 2 controllers may be installed in SDC 600 series power • supplies

Input Voltage:	12 or 24VDC +/- 10%
Input Current:	140 mA max. @ 12/24 VDC
Relay Inputs:	4-SPST, Dry, Optically Isolated All Normally Open or Normally Closed (field selectable)
Auxiliary Inputs:	4-SPST, Dry, Normally Open, Optically Isolated
Relay Outputs:	2 fused SPDT relays, 7A @ 30VDC 2 non-fused SPDT relays, 7A @ 30VDC Individually configurable as a dry contact or voltage output (field selectable)
Dimensions:	4.50" W x 5.00" H x 2" D (114.3 x 127 x 50.8 mm)

## III. UR2-4 Board Layout

1

3



234 If an input is closed, its corresponding light 000000000 BBEEEE 121234

100000000000000

OUT

IN

P:\INSTALLATION INST\Power Supplies\INST-UR\INST-UR2-4.vsd REV B 10-14 Page 2

NOTE: If Normally Closed inputs are selected, all unused

inputs will need to be shorted.

will be ON.

## **IV.** Applications

For detailed wiring instructions and setup, select your specific application from the following available modes, and continue to the page number indicated next to the section title.

## Section V – 2-Door Interlock "A" Setup - Go To Pages 6 & 7

Both doors are normally closed and unlocked. Opening any door causes the other door to lock until the opened door returns to its normal state.

## Section VI – 2-Door Mantrap "B" Setup – Go To Pages 8 & 9

Both doors are normally closed and locked. Each door may be individually unlocked using the Access Control System or a remote release. Unlocking either door causes the other door to be incapable of being unlocked until the unlocked door returns to its normal state.

## Section VII - 2-Door Interlock "C" Setup - Go To Pages 10 & 11

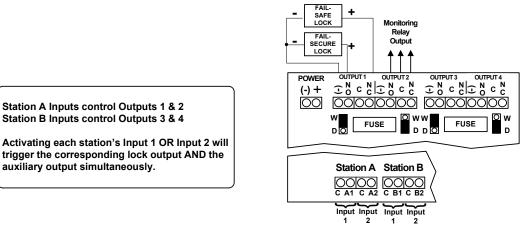
Both doors are normally closed. One (1) door will be normally locked, and the other door will be normally unlocked.

Unlocking/opening the locked door will lock the unlocked door, until the unsecured door returns to its normal state. Opening the unlocked door will make the locked door incapable of being unlocked, until the opened door returns to its normal state.

## Section VIII – Dual Relay Control Mode – Go To Pages 12 & 13

In Dual Relay Control Mode, the UR2-4 operates as two (2) individually controlled relay stations. Each station provides: (1) Fused, SPDT lock output, wet or dry,

- (1) Non-fused, SPDT auxiliary (monitoring) output, wet or dry, and
- (2) Dry trigger inputs



Each of the four outputs may be individually configured to operate as a conventional relay or a time delayed relay.

As a conventional relay (CR), an output relay is only activated while a trigger input is activated. Once the trigger input is released, the output relay returns to its resting state. A single activation and release of the latching trigger input latches the lock output relay. The lock output relay remains latched until the latching trigger input is reactivated.

As a time delayed relay (TD), an output relay is activated by a trigger input. Once the trigger input is released, the output remains activated for a specified period of time, as configured by the dip switches.

The activation of the monitoring relay output follows the lock output relay, but may be configured separately as a CR or TD.

## **IV. Applications (Continued)**

## Section IX - Single Relay Control Mode - Go To Pages 14 & 15

In Single Relay Control Mode, the UR2-4 operates as four (4) individually controlled relays.

## Stations A1 & B1 each provide:

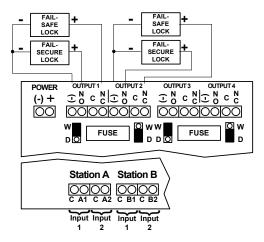
- (1) Fused, SPDT lock output, wet or dry and
- Dry trigger input

## Stations A2 & B2 each provide:

- (1) Non-fused, SPDT lock output, wet or dry and
- Dry trigger input

Activating a single input w	vill trigger a single output:
-----------------------------	-------------------------------

- Station A, Input 1 controls Output 1 Station A, Input 2 controls Output 2
- Station B, Input 1 controls Output 3
- Station B, Input 2 controls Output 4



Each input may be individually configured to operate as a conventional relay or a time delayed relay. Alternatively, each input may be individually configured to operate as a latching relay or a time delayed relay.

As a conventional relay (CR), the lock output relay is only activated while the trigger input is activated. Once the trigger input is released, the output relay returns to its resting state.

As a time delayed relay (TD), the lock output relay is activated by the trigger input. Once the trigger input is released, the output remains activated for a specified period of time, as configured by the dip switches.

As a latching relay (LR), the lock output relay is activated by the trigger Input. A single activation and release of the latching trigger input latches the lock output relay. The lock output relay remains latched until the latching trigger input is reactivated.

## Section X – 2-Door Communicating (Shared) Bath System – Go to Page 16 & 17

Both doors are normally closed and unlocked.

## System Activation:

Upon entering the bathroom and closing both doors, pressing an Activation button will lock both doors, and turn on the indicator lamps on the Activation and Emergency Unlock buttons, indicating the bathroom is occupied.

## System Deactivation:

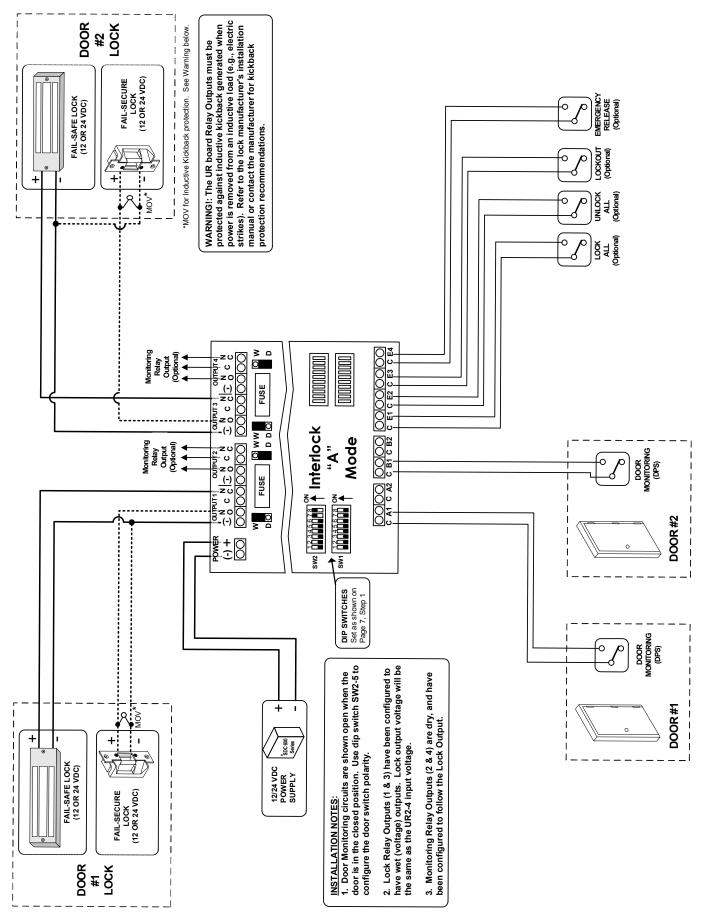
When using EMLocks®, pressing the Activation button a second time will unlock both doors and turn off all indicator lamps.

When using fail-safe electric strikes or fail-safe electrified locksets, operating the inside lever to retract the latch on either door will unlock both doors and turn off all indicator lamps. Using a key override from the outside to enter either door will also reset the system and unlock both doors.

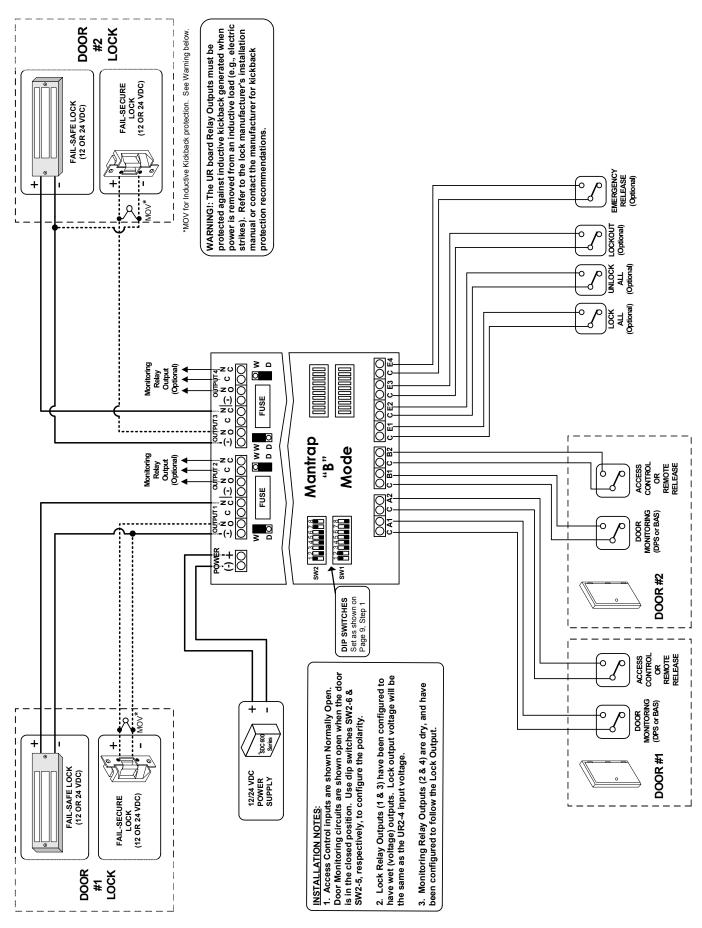
## Emergency Override:

Emergency Unlock buttons located outside each bathroom door will immediately unlock its specified door and indicate its activation by causing the button's indicator lamp to flash. Pressing the Emergency Unlock button a second time will return the door to the locked state and the indicator lamp will return to a steady lighted state. Pressing the Activation Button or opening either door during an emergency override, will reset the system and unlock both doors.

This page intentionally left blank.

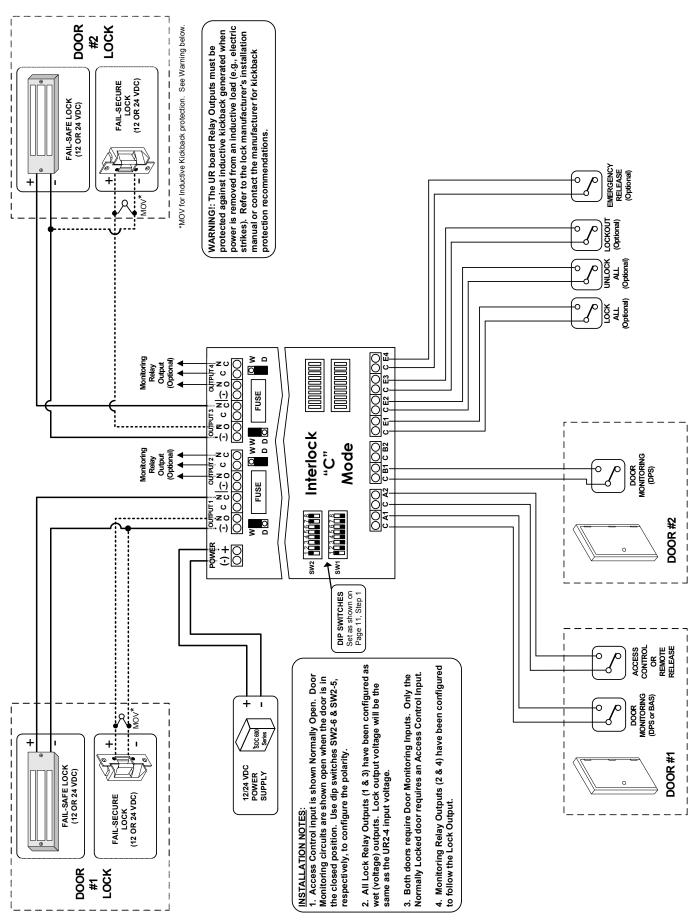


	·	
V. 2-Door Interlock "A" Setup		
Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4. Refer to the <b>INTERLOCK "A" MODE</b> wiring diagram on <b>Page 6</b> .	Step 4. Terminate the Door Monitoring Inputs	
<b>NOTE</b> : It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locking hardware share the same power supply.	Connect the Door Monitoring Switches to Input terminals A1 & B1. This is a required connection.	
Interlock "A" Standard Operation: Both doors are normally closed and unlocked. Opening any door causes the other door to lock until the opened door returns to its normal state.	Door Monitoring inputs (typically Door Position Switches), should be dry, Normally Open or Normally Closed switches, depending on the configuration of Dip Switch 2-5 (Step 1).	
Step 1 – Set Dip Switches	<b>NOTE</b> : Dip Switch 2-5 configures the normal state of the Door Monitoring input when the door is in a CLOSED position.	
IMPORTANT: The dip switch settings below are an example of the typical <b>Interlock A</b> setup shown on Page 6. Proper operation of the UR controller is dependent on dip switch configuration. Adjust dip switches	Step 5. Terminate Auxiliary Inputs and Outputs (Optional)	
SW2-5 & SW2 <sup>-7</sup> as required. All other dip switches should remain as shown below.	<u>Auxiliary Inputs</u> – These inputs must be wired to dry, Normally Open switches. The input will only be active when closed (shorted). Refer to Page 2 for input descriptions.	
SW2-1 = OFF SW2-2 = OFF	Monitoring Relay Outputs – Each door station provides a non-fused, SPDT monitoring relay. This output may be used to signal a Security Panel or to activate a Remote Annunciator. The relay is configurable as a Wet or Dry output (Step 2). The relay activation will follow the Lock Relay or follow the Door Monitoring Input, depending on the configuration of Dip Switch 2-7 (Step 1).	
SW2-3 = OFF SW2-4 = OFF		
$SW2-5 = OFF$ Sets the polarity of the Door Monitoring Inputs when the door is in the CLOSED position. {OFF = N/O; ON = N/C}	Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the UR2-4 Controller.	
SW2-6 = OFF       Sets the operation of all the Monitoring Relay Outputs.       CM/2 7	Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely terminated by gently pulling on each wire.	
SW2-7 = ON       {OFF = Relay will follow the Door Monitoring Input;         ON = Relay will follow the Lock Output Relay}         SW2-8 = ON	Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input, as shown on Page 6. Be careful to observe polarity.	
	Verify that both doors are closed & apply power to the controller.	
SW1 -1 = OFF         SW1 -2 = OFF         SW1 -3 = OFF         SW1 -4 = OFF	Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation Verification.	
SW1 -5 = OFF SW1 -6 = OFF SW1 -7 = OFF	Verify the polarity of the Door Monitoring Inputs by observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the UR2-4 controller.	
SW1 -8 = OFF         Step 2 - Configure the Relay Outputs to be Wet         (/c/torse) or Data	Status Lights A1 & B1 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-5 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-5 = ON.	
(Voltage) or Dry. $w = WET$ $w = 0$ = WET Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure.	Test the standard operation of the interlock by opening either door. The other door will lock until the opened door returns to its normal state (closed).	
On the typical Interlock A wiring diagram, the Lock Relays (Outputs 1 & 3) are configured to be wet outputs.		
The Monitoring Relays (Outputs 2 & 4) are dry.		
<b>NOTE</b> : It is recommended that any unused relays be configured as dry outputs.		
<b>Step 3 – Terminate the Lock Power Wiring</b> Follow the typical Interlock A wiring diagram for fail-safe or fail-secure locks. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity.		
<b>NOTE</b> : All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart. Signal wire shall be 22-gauge minimum.		
P-UNSTALLATION INST/Dower Supplies/UNST.LIP2.4 vsd DEV B 10.14 Dage 7		



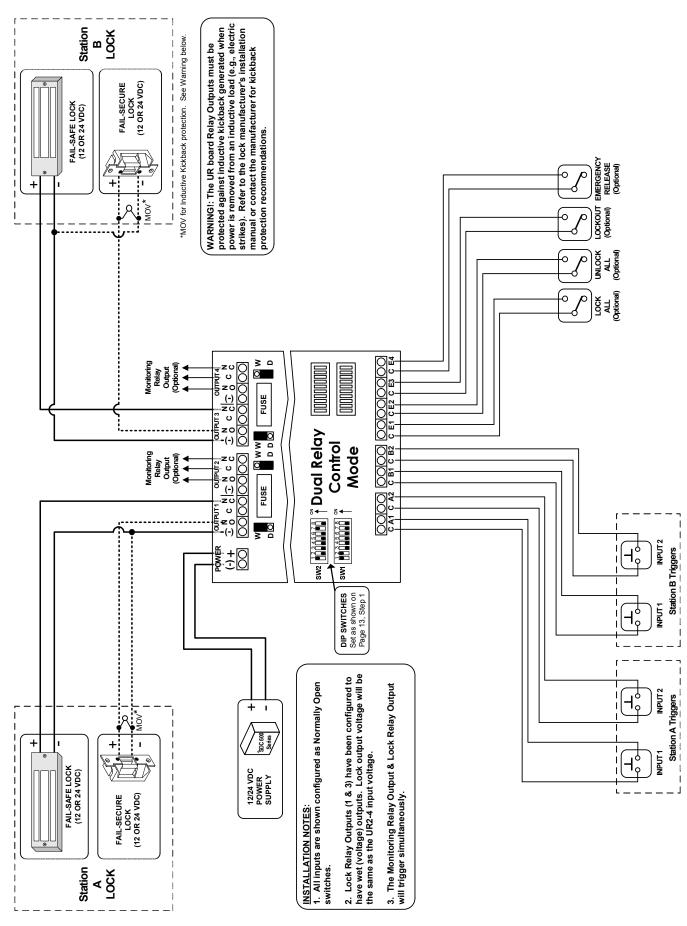
10-14 Page 8

VI. 2 Door Montron "P" Setur		
VI. 2-Door Mantrap "B" Setup	Step 3. Terminate the Lock Power Wiring	
Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4. Refer to the <b>MANTRAP "B" MODE</b> wiring diagram on <b>Page 8</b> .	Follow the typical Mantrap B wiring diagram for fail-safe or fail-secure locks. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity.	
NOTE: It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locking hardware share the same power supply.	<b>NOTE</b> : All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart.	
Mantrap "B" Standard Operation: Both doors are normally closed and locked. Each door may be	Signal wire shall be 22-guage minimum.	
individually unlocked using the Access Control System or a remote release. Unlocking either door causes the other door to be incapable of being unlocked until the unlocked door returns to its normal state.	Step 4. Terminate the Access Control and Door Monitoring Inputs	
The door unlock time will be determined by the Access Control System and by Dip Switches 2-1 through 2-4 (See Step 1).	Connect the Door Monitoring Switches to input terminals A1 & B1. This is a required connection.	
Step 1 – Set Dip Switches	Connect Access Control or remote releases to input terminals A2 & B2. This is a required connection.	
IMPORTANT: The dip switch settings below are an example of the typical <b>Mantrap B</b> setup shown on Page 8. Proper operation of the UR controller is dependent on dip switch configuration. Adjust dip switches SW2-1 thru SW2-7 as required. All other dip switches should remain as	Door Monitoring and Access Control inputs should be dry, Normally Open or Normally Closed switches, depending on the configuration of Dip Switches 2-5 and 2-6, respectively.	
shown below. Sw2 12345678	<b>NOTE</b> : Dip Switch 2-5 configures the normal state of the Door Monitoring input when the door is in a CLOSED and/or LOCKED position.	
SW1	Step 5. Terminate Optional Inputs and Outputs	
SW2-1 = ON         SW2-1 through 2-4 set the unlock time of the Lock Relay.           NOTE:         This is in addition to your Access Control System           SW2-2 - OFF         unlock time.	Auxiliary Inputs – These inputs must be wired to dry, Normally Open switches. The input will only be active when closed (shorted). Refer to Page 2 for input descriptions.	
SW2-1 ON = 5 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Monitoring Relay Outputs – Each door station provides a non-fused,	
SW2-3 = OFF         SW2-2 ON = 1 0 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;           SW2-4 = OFF         SW2-4 ON = 30 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	SPDT monitoring relay. This output may be used to signal a Security Panel or to activate a Remote Annunciator. The relay is configurable as a Wet or Dry output (Step 2). The relay activation will follow the Lock Relay	
Sets the polarity of the Door Monitoring Inputs when the door is in the CLOSED and/or LOCKED position. {OFF = N/O; ON = N/C}	or follow the Door Monitoring Input, depending on the configuration of Dip Switch 2-7 (Step 1).	
<b>SW2-6 = OFF</b> Sets the polarity of Access Control Inputs when the switch is in a normal (resting) state. $\{OFF = N/O; ON = N/C\}$	Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the UR2-4 Controller.	
Sets the operation of all the Monitoring Relay Outputs.           SW2-7 = ON         {OFF = Relay will follow the Door Monitoring Input; ON = Relay will follow the Lock Output Relay}	Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely terminated by gently pulling on each wire.	
SW2-8 = ON	Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input. Be careful to observe polarity.	
SW1 -1 = ON		
SW1 -2 = ON SW1 -3 = OFF	Verify that both doors are closed & apply power to the controller.	
SW1-3 = OFF SW1 -4 = OFF	Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation	
SW1 -5 = OFF	Verification.	
SW1 -6 = OFF	Verify the polarity of the Access Control & Door Manitarian Inputs by	
SW1 -7 = OFF SW1 -8 = OFF	Verify the polarity of the Access Control & Door Monitoring Inputs by observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the UR2-4	
Step 2 – Configure the Relay Outputs to be Wet	controller.	
(Voltage) or Dry. $W = WET = WET$	Status Lights A1 & B1 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-5 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-5 = ON.	
Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure.	Status Lights A2 & B2 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-6 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-6 = ON.	
On the typical Mantrap B wiring diagram, the Lock Relays (Outputs 1 & 3) are configured to be wet outputs.	Test the standard operation of the mantrap by unlocking a door using the Access Control System or remote release. The other door will be	
The Monitoring Relays (Outputs 2 & 4) are dry.	incapable of being unlocked until the unlocked door returns to its normal state (closed & locked).	
<b>NOTE</b> : It is recommended that any unused relays be configured as dry outputs.		
P-UNSTALLATION INST/Dower Supplies/INST_LIP2-4 vedREV/ B 10.14_Page 0		



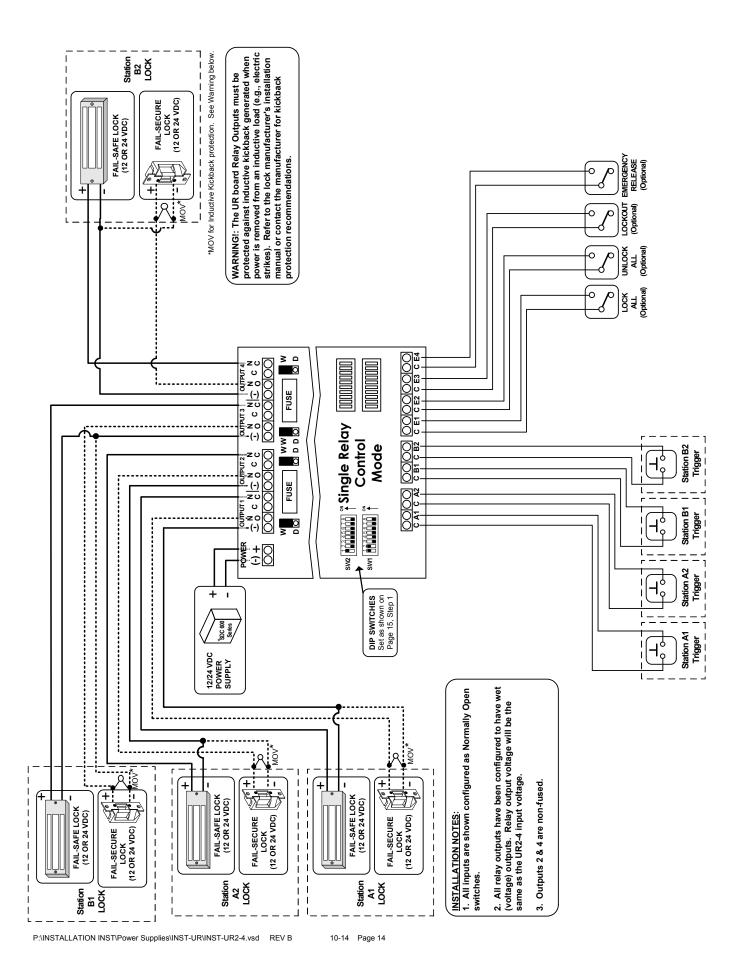
10-14 Page 10

VII. 2-Door Interlock "C" Setup		Step 3. Terminate the Lock Power Wiring Follow the typical Interlock "C" wiring diagram for fail-safe or fail-secure
Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4.		locks. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity.
Refer to the INTERLOCK "C" MODE wiring diagram on Page 10.		NOTE: All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum
NOTE: It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locking hardware share the same power supply.		lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart. Signal wire shall be 22-guage minimum.
	tandard Operation:	
	e normally closed. One door will be normally locked, and will be normally unlocked.	Step 4. Terminate the Access Control and Door Monitoring Inputs
Unlocking/opening the locked door will lock the unlocked door, until the unsecured door returns to its normal state. Opening the unlocked door will make the locked door incapable of being unlocked, until the opened		Connect the Door Monitoring Switches to input terminals A1 & B1. This is a required connection.
	its normal state.	Connect Access Control or remote release to input terminals A2. This connection is ONLY required for the normally locked door.
The locked door may be accessed by activating the Access Control System or a remote release. The door unlock time will be determined by		Door Monitoring and Access Control inputs should be dry, Normally Open
	ntrol System and by Dip Switches 2-1 through 2-4.	or Normally Closed switches, depending on the configuration of Dip Switches 2-5 and 2-6, respectively.
h i - 06		<b>NOTE</b> : Dip Switch 2-5 configures the normal state of the Door Monitoring
typical Interloo	The dip switch settings below are an example of the ck "C" setup shown on Page 10. Proper operation of the s dependent on dip switch configuration. Adjust dip	input when the door is in a CLOSED and/or LOCKED position.
switches SW2-	-1 thru SW2-7 as required. All other dip switches should	Step 5. Terminate Optional Inputs and Outputs
remain as show	wn below. <b>SW2 1</b> 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<u>Auxiliary Inputs</u> – These inputs must be wired to dry, Normally Open switches. The input will only be active when closed (shorted). Refer to
		Page 2 for input descriptions.
	SW1 SW2-1 through 2-4 set the unlock time of the Lock Relay for	<u>Monitoring Relay Outputs</u> – Each door station provides a non-fused, SPDT monitoring relay. This output may be used to signal a Security
SW2-1 = ON	the Door 1.	Panel or to activate a Remote Annunciator. The relay is configurable as a Wet or Dry output (Step 2). The relay activation will follow the Lock Relay
011/0 0 055	NOTE: This is in addition to your Access Control System	or follow the Door Monitoring Input, depending on the configuration of Dip
SW2-2 = OFF	unlock time. SW2-1 ON = 5 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Switch 2-7 (Step 1).
SW2-3 = OFF	SW2-2 ON = 1 0 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	
	SW2-3 ON = 20 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the
SW2-4 = OFF	SW2-4 ON = 30 sec., OFF = 0 sec.; Switch times are additive. {All OFF = 1 sec.; All ON = 65 sec.}	UR2-4 Controller.
SW2-5 = OFF	Sets the polarity of the Door Monitoring Inputs when the door is in the CLOSED position. {OFF = NO; ON = NC}	Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely terminated by gently pulling on each wire.
SW2-6 = OFF	Sets the polarity of Access Control Inputs when the switch is in a normal (resting) state. $\{OFF = N/O; ON = N/C\}$	
SW2-7 = ON	Sets the operation of all the Monitoring Relay Outputs. {OFF = Relay will follow the Door Monitoring Input;	Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input. Be careful to observe polarity.
CW0 0 01	ON = Relay will follow the Lock Output Relay}	Verify that both doors are closed & apply power to the controller.
SW2-8 = ON		
SW1 -1 = ON	{OFF = Door 1 - Unlocked; ON = Door 1 - Locked}	Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation
SW1 -2 = OFF SW1 -3 = OFF		Verification.
SW1 -3 = OFF SW1 -4 = OFF		
SW1 -5 = OFF		Verify the polarity of the Access Control & Door Monitoring Inputs by
SW1-6 = OFF		observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the UR2-4
SW1-7 = OFF SW1-8 = OFF	<u> </u>	controller.
Step 2 – Co	onfigure the Relay Outputs to be Wet	Status Lights A1 & B1 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-5 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-5 = ON.
(Voltage) o	<b>br Dry.</b> $W = WET O W = DRY$	Status Light A2 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-6 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip
Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure.		Switch $2-6 = ON$ .
On the typical Interlock C wiring diagram, the Lock Relays (Outputs 1 & 3) are configured to be wet outputs. The Monitoring Relays (Outputs 2 & 4) are dry.		Test the standard operation of the interlock by accessing the locked door or by opening the unlocked door(s). The other door will be incapable of being opened/unlocked until the accessed door returns to its normal state.
<b>NOTE</b> : It is recommended that any unused relays be configured as dry outputs.		
-		

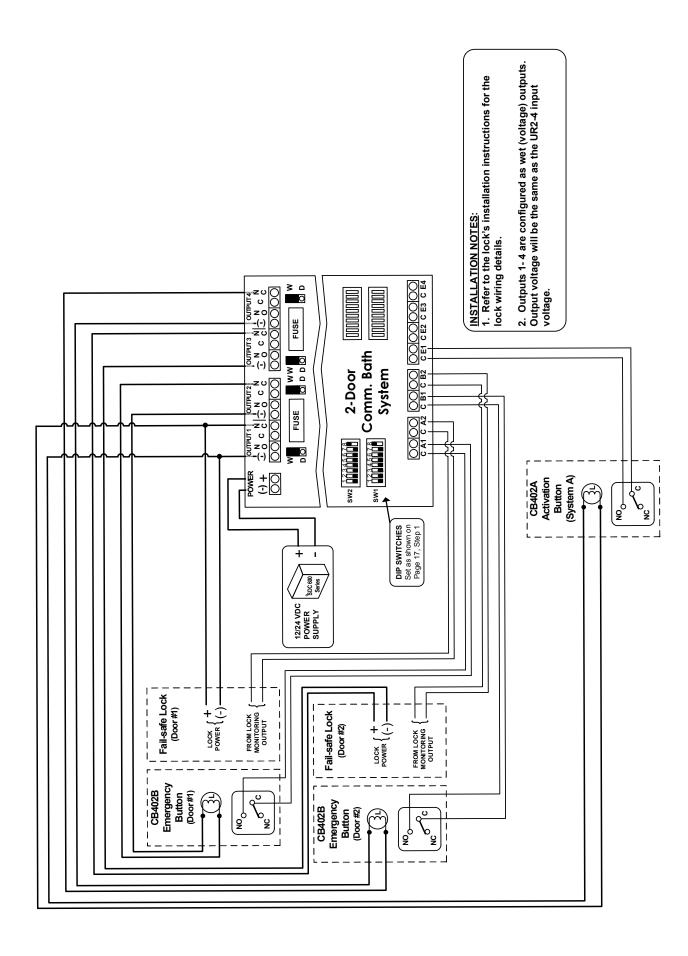


10-14 Page 12

VIII. Dual Relay Control Mode Setup	Step 3. Terminate the Lock Power Wiring	
Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4. Refer to the <b>DUAL RELAY CONTROL MODE</b> wiring diagram on <b>Page</b> <b>12</b> .	Follow the typical Dual Relay Control Mode wiring diagram for fail-safe or fail-secure locks. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity. <b>NOTE</b> : All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart. Signal wire shall be 22-guage minimum.	
NOTE: It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locks will share the same power supply.		
Standard Operation: In Dual Relay Control Mode, the UR2-4 operates as two (2) individually controlled relay stations.	Step 4. Terminate the Station Trigger Inputs Connect each station's trigger input 1 and input 2, as required.	
Activating each station's Input 1 OR Input 2 will trigger the corresponding lock output relay AND the auxiliary output relay simultaneously.	All the trigger inputs should be dry, momentary, Normally Open or Normally Closed switches, depending on the configuration of Dip Switch 2-5 (Step 1).	
Each of the four Outputs may each be configured to operate as a conventional relay (CR) or a time delayed relay (TD).	<b>NOTE</b> : If Normally Closed inputs are used, all unused trigger inputs will need to be shorted.	
Refer to Page 3 of this instruction for relay operation descriptions.		
Step 1 – Set Dip Switches IMPORTANT: The dip switch settings below are an example of the typical Dual Relay Control Mode setup shown on Page 12. Proper operation of the UR controller is dependent on dip switch configuration. A) Use dip switches SW1-1 thru SW1-4 to independently select the operation of each output: CR, TD. B) Adjust dip switches SW2-1 thru SW2-5 as required. All other dip	Step 5. Terminate Optional Inputs and Outputs         Auxiliary Inputs – These inputs must be wired to dry, Normally Open switches. The input will only be active when closed (shorted). Refer to Page 2 for input descriptions.         Monitoring Relay Outputs – Each door station provides a non-fused, SPDT monitoring relay. This output may be used to signal a Security Panel or to activate a Remote Annunciator. The relay is configurable as a statement of the security of the	
switches should remain as shown below. SW2 12345678	Wet or Dry output (Step 2). The relay activation will follow the Lock Relay. Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the	
SW1 89	UR2-4 Controller.	
SW2-1 = ON         When using TD mode, SW 2-1 through 2-4 sets the unlock delay time of the relays.           SW2-2 = OFF         SW2-1 ON = 5 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely terminated by gently pulling on each wire.	
SW2-2 ON = 1 0 sec., OFF = 0 sec.; SW2-3 = OFF SW2-3 ON = 20 sec., OFF = 0 sec.; SW2-4 ON = 30 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input. Be careful to observe polarity.	
SW2-4 = OFF         Switch times are additive.         {All OFF = 1 sec.; All ON = 65           SW2-5 = OFF         Sets the polarity of ALL the trigger inputs when the trigger is	Verify that all the trigger inputs are in their normal (resting) state & apply power to the controller.	
in a non-activated state. {OFF = NO; ON = N/C}		
SW2-7 = ON SW2-8 = OFF	Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation Verification.	
SW1 -1 = ON Output 1 Mode Selection {OFF = CR; ON = TD}	Vernication.	
SW1 -2 = ON       Output 2 Mode Selection {OFF = CR; ON = TD}         SW1 -3 = OFF       Output 3 Mode Selection {OFF = CR; ON = TD}	Verify the polarity of each Station trigger input by observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the controller.	
SW1 -4 = OFF         Output 4 Mode Selection {OFF = CR; ON = TD}           SW1 -5 = OFF	Status Lights A1, A2, B1,& B2 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-5 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-5 = ON.	
SW1-6 = OFF		
SW1 -7 = OFF SW1 -8 = OFF	Test the standard operation of each station control relay by momentarily	
	pressing the trigger input.	
Step 2 – Configure the Relay Outputs to be Wet	In CR mode, the respective door will unlock while the trigger input is	
(Voltage) or Dry.	activated, and relock when the trigger is released.	
Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure.	In TD mode, the respective door will unlock when the trigger input is activated. Releasing the trigger input will start the unlock timer and the door will remain unlocked. The door will relock after the set unlock time	
On the typical Dual Relay Control Mode wiring diagram, the Lock Relays (Outputs 1 & 3) are configured to be wet outputs. The Monitoring Relays (Outputs 2 &4) are dry. The relay output voltage will be the same as the UR2-4 input voltage (12 or 24 VDC).	has expired.	
<b>NOTE</b> : It is recommended that any unused relays be configured as dry outputs.		
P:\INSTALLATION INST\Power Supplies\INST-UR\INST-UR2-4.vsd REV B 10-14 Page 13		



IX. Single Relay Control Mode Setup	Step 3. Terminate the Lock Power Wiring
Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4. Refer to the <i>SINGLE RELAY CONTROL MODE</i> wiring diagram on <b>Page</b> <b>14</b> . NOTE: It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locks will share the same power	Follow the Single Relay Control Mode wiring diagram for fail-safe or fail- secure locks. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity.
supply. <u>Standard Operation</u> : In Single Relay Control Mode, the UR2-4 operates as four (4) individually	<b>NOTE</b> : All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart. Signal wire shall be 22-guage minimum.
controlled relay stations. Each trigger input controls a single output. Each station may be individually configured to operate as a conventional	Step 4. Terminate the Station Trigger Inputs
relay (CR) or a time delayed relay (TD).	Connect each station's trigger input as required.
Alternatively, each station may be individually configured to operate as a latching relay (LR) or a time delayed relay.	All the trigger inputs should be dry, momentary, Normally Open or Normally Closed switches, depending on the configuration of Dip Switch 2-5 (Step 1).
Refer to Page 4 of this instruction for relay operation descriptions.	
Step 1 – Set Dip Switches	<b>NOTE</b> : If Normally Closed inputs are used, all unused trigger inputs will need to be shorted.
IMPORTANT: The dip switch settings below are an example of the typical <b>Single Relay Control Mode</b> setup shown on Page 14. A) Use dip switches SW1-1 thru SW1-4 to select the operation of each trigger input: CR, TD, or LR.	Step 5. Terminate Optional Inputs and Outputs
If dip switch SW2-6 = OFF, each station is selectable as a CR or TD only. If dip switch SW2-6 = ON, each station is selectable as a LR or TD only. B) Adjust dip switches SW2-1 thru SW2-5 as required. All other dip switches should remain as shown below	<u>Auxiliary Inputs</u> – These inputs must be wired to dry, Normally Open switches. The input will only be active when closed (shorted). Refer to Page 2 for input descriptions.
sw2 []	Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the UR2-4 Controller.
SW2-1 = ON         When using TD mode, SW 2-1 through 2-4 set the unlock delay time of the Lock Relay.	Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely terminated by gently pulling on each wire.
SW2-2 = OFF         SW2-1 ON = 5 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;           SW2-2 ON = 1 0 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;           SW2-3 = OFF           SW2-3 ON = 20 sec., OFF = 0 sec.;	Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input. Be careful to observe polarity.
$\frac{\text{SW2-4 ON} = 30 \text{ sec.}, \text{ OFF} = 0 \text{ sec.};}{\text{SW2-4 OFF}}$ $\frac{\text{SW2-4 ON} = 30 \text{ sec.}, \text{ OFF} = 0 \text{ sec.};}{\text{Sw itch times are additive. } \text{ All OFF} = 1 \text{ sec.}; \text{ All ON} = 65}$	Verify that all the trigger inputs are in their normal (resting) state & apply power to the controller.
SW2-5 = OFF       Sets the polarity of ALL the trigger inputs when the trigger is in a non-activated state. {OFF = N/O; ON = N/C}         SW2-5 = OFF       {OFF = Each Station is selectable as CR or TD only;	
SW2-6 = OFF ON = Each Station input is selectable as LR or TD only} SW2-7 = OFF	Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation Verification.
SW2-8 = OFF SW1 -1 = ON Station A1 Mode Selection {OFF = CB or LB: ON = TD}	Verify the polarity of each Station trigger input by observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the controller.
SW1 -1 = ON       Station A1       Mode Selection {OFF = CR or LR; ON = TD}         SW1 -2 = ON       Station A2       Mode Selection {OFF = CR or LR; ON = TD}	Status Lights A1 A2 P1 & P2 will be OEE if Dip Switch 2.5 - OEE or will
SW1 -3 = OFF Station B1 Mode Selection {OFF = CR or LR; ON = TD}	Status Lights A1, A2, B1, & B2 will be OFF if Dip Switch 2-5 = OFF, or will be ON if Dip Switch 2-5 = ON.
SW1 -4 = OFF Station B2 Mode Selection {OFF = CR or LR; ON = TD}	
SW1 -5 = OFF SW1 -6 = OFF	Test the standard operation of each station control relay by momentarily
SW1 -6 = OFF	pressing the trigger input.
SW1 -8 = OFF	In CR mode, the respective door will unlock while the trigger input is
Step 2 – Configure the Relay Outputs to be Wet	activated, and relock when the trigger is released.
(Voltage) or Dry. $W = WET \square P = DRY$	In TD mode, the respective door will unlock when the trigger input is
Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure.	activated. Releasing the trigger input will start the unlock timer and the door will remain unlocked. The door will relock after the set unlock time has expired.
On the typical Single Relay Control Mode wiring diagram, all relay outputs are configured as wet outputs.	In LR mode, the respective door will unlock when the trigger input is momentarily activated and released. The door will remained unlocked indefinitely until the trigger input is reactivated.
The relay output voltage will be the same as the UR2-4 input voltage.	
<b>NOTE</b> : It is recommended that any unused relays be configured as dry outputs.	



#### Step 4. Terminate the Lock Power and Lock X. 2-Door Communicating Bath System Monitoring Options to the UR2-4 Setup Select your specific lock type below. Follow the typical Communicating Bath system wiring diagram. Be careful to observe lock voltage polarity. Follow the installation steps below before applying power to the UR2-4. Refer to the 2-Door Communicating Bath System wiring diagram on NOTE: All lock monitoring options below (LBM, DPS, and/or REX) are to Page 16. be wired OPEN when the doors are CLOSED and LATCHED. It is assumed that the UR2-4 and locks will share the same power supply. Using EMLocks®: LOCK Step 1 – Set Dip Switches To Lock NC Monitoring The dip switch settings for a 2-Door Communicating Bath System must be set as shown below. EMLock® with DPS (12 OR 24 VDC) Using Fail-safe Uni-FLEX™ Electric Strikes: SW2-1=OFF SW2 SW2-2 = OFFMOV Fail-safe Electric Strike SW2-3 = OFF LOCK w/ Latch Bolt Monitoring (LBM) C SW2-4 = OFFSW1 SW2-5 = OFF To Loc NOTE: Mechanical locksets are SW2-6 = OFFInput configured for "Storeroom" SW2-7 = OFF function. SW2-8 = ONIRM Using Fail-safe Selectric® Pro Locks: SW1-1=OFF SW1-2 = OFF SW1-3 = OFF MOV LOCK SW1-4 = OFF SW1-5 = OFF Fail-safe Electrified Mortise Lock w/ Door Position Switch (DPS) & SW1-6 = OFF Request-to-Exit Switch (REX) E onitoring SW1-7 = OFF Input SW1-8 = ON DPS WARNING !: The UR board Relay Outputs must be protected against inductive kickback generated when power is removed from an inductive load (e.g., electric strikes). Refer to the lock Step 2 – Configure the Relay Outputs to be Wet manufacturer's installation manual or contact the manufacturer for (Voltage) or Drv. w = DRY = WET kickback protection recommendations. Use the red WET/DRY Selection Jumpers to configure each output. Step 6. Connect a 12 or 24VDC Power Source to the Refer to Page 2 of this instruction for selection procedure. **UR2-4** Controller. For a 2-Door Communicating Bath System, all outputs (1 through 4) are Before applying power, verify that all the connections are securely configured as wet outputs. terminated by gently pulling on each wire. The relay output voltage will be the same as the UR2-4 input voltage (12 Terminate the voltage wiring to the Controller Power Input. Be careful to or 24VDC). observe polarity. Verify that both doors are closed & apply power to the controller. Step 3. Terminate the Activation and Emergency Unlock Buttons Step 7. UR2-4 Controller Startup and Operation Connect the (2) Emergency Unlock buttons and (1) Activation button as Verification. shown on the Communicating Bath system wiring diagram. NOTE: Each Emergency Unlock button will only unlock its corresponding door. Verify the polarity of the inputs by observing the Status Lights located on the lower right of the controller. All button switches are wired Normally Open. With the system at rest, Status Lights A1, A2, B1, B2, & E1 should all be Lamp voltage is not polarity sensitive. turned off. NOTE: All low voltage wiring shall be 18-gauge minimum. The minimum lock power wire gauge shall be determined by the SDC wire gauge chart. Test the standard operation of the Communicating Bath System as Signal wire shall be 22-guage minimum. described on Page 4.

NOTES: