

## **MVR-300™**

# Refrigerant Gas Detector for Occupied Spaces

## **User Manual**

Installation ● Operation ● Configuration ● Troubleshooting

P/N: 6203-9000 August 2016 Version 1



#### WARRANTY POLICY

Bacharach, Inc. warrants this detector, excluding sensors, to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 months from the date of purchase by the original owner. The sensor has a pro-rated warranty period of 12 months. If the product should become defective within this warranty period, we will repair or replace it at our discretion.

The warranty status may be affected if the detector has not been used and maintained per the instructions in this manual or has been abused, damaged, or modified in any way. This detector is only to be used for purposes stated herein. The manufacturer is not liable for auxiliary interfaced equipment or consequential damage.

Due to ongoing research, development, and product testing, the manufacturer reserves the right to change specifications without notice. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data.

All goods must be shipped to the manufacturer by prepaid freight. All returned goods must be pre-authorized by obtaining a return merchandise authorization (RMA) number. Visit www.MyBacharach.com for an RMA number and procedures required for product transport.

#### SERVICE POLICY

Bacharach, Inc. maintains a service facility at the factory. Some Bacharach distributors/agents may also have repair facilities; however, Bacharach assumes no liability for service performed by anyone other than Bacharach personnel. Repairs are warranted for 90 days after date of shipment (sensors, pumps, filters and batteries have individual warranties). Should your detector require non-warranty repair, you may contact the distributor from whom it was purchased or you may contact Bacharach directly.

If Bacharach is to do the repair work, send the detector, prepaid, to the closest Service Center.

| Service Location | Service Contact Information |                      | Service Shipping Address         |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
|                  | Phone:                      | +1 724 334 5000      | Bacharach, Inc.                  |
| United States    | Toll Free:                  | 1 800 736 4666       | 621 Hunt Valley Circle           |
| Officed States   | Fax:                        | +1 724 334 5001      | New Kensington, PA 15068, USA    |
|                  | Email:                      | help@MyBacharach.com | ATTN: Service Department         |
|                  | Phone:                      | +353 1 284 6388      | Murco – A Bacharach Company      |
| Ireland          | Fax:                        | +353 1 284 6389      | 114A Georges Street Lower        |
| ITEIdIIU         | Email:                      | help@MyBacharach.com | Dun Laoghaire, Dublin, Ireland   |
|                  |                             |                      | ATTN: Service Department         |
|                  | Phone:                      | +1 905 470 8985      | Bacharach of Canada              |
| Canada           | Fax:                        | +1 905 470 8963      | 20 Amber Street Unit #7          |
| Calldud          | Email:                      | support@BachCan.ca   | Markham, Ontario L3R 5P4, Canada |
|                  |                             |                      | ATTN: Service Department         |

Always include your RMA #, address, telephone number, contact name, shipping/billing information and a description of the defect as you perceive it. You will be contacted with a cost estimate for expected repairs prior to the performance of any service work. For liability reasons, Bacharach has a policy of performing all needed repairs to restore the detector to full operating condition.

Prior to shipping equipment to Bacharach, visit www.MyBacharach.com for an RMA # (returned merchandise authorization). All returned goods **must** be accompanied with an RMA number.

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## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

| SECTIO | DN 1. SAFETY  | 5              |
|--------|---|----------------|
| 1.     |   |                |
| 1.     | .2 General Safety Statements  |                |
| 1.     | .3 Safe Connection of Electrical Devices  | 6              |
| SECTIO | DN 2. DESCRIPTION   | -              |
| 2.     |   |                |
| 2.     |   |                |
| 2.     |   |                |
| 2.     | 3   |                |
|        | ·   |                |
| SECTIO |   |                |
| 3.     |   |                |
| 3.     |   |                |
| 3.     |   |                |
| 3.     |   |                |
| SECTIO |   |                |
| 4.     |   |                |
| 4.     |   |                |
|        | 4.2.1 Default Alarm Function  |                |
|        | 4.2.2 Alarm Delay – Switches 2 and 3  |                |
|        | 4.2.3 Failsafe – Switch 4   |                |
|        | 4.2.4 Alarm 2 Relay – Switch 5  |                |
|        | 4.2.5 Latching Alarm State – Switch 6   |                |
|        | 4.2.6 Buzzer Disable – Switch 7   |                |
| 4.     |   |                |
|        | 4.3.1 Reset (Cycle Power) - Switch 1  |                |
|        | 4.3.2 Reset to Factory Default Values - Switch 8  |                |
| 4.     | .4 Operation of Magnetic Switches, Buzzer, and LED  | 22             |
| SECTIO | DN 5. MAINTENANCE   | 23             |
| 5.     | .1 Maintenance Intervals  | 23             |
| 5.     | .2 Adjustments  | 23             |
|        | 5.2.1 Introduction  | 23             |
|        | 5.2.2 General Procedure   |                |
|        | 5.2.3 Zero Adjustment   |                |
|        | 5.2.4 Span Adjustment   |                |
|        | 5.2.5 Bump Test   |                |
| 5.     |   |                |
|        | 5.3.1 Failed Span Adjustment  |                |
|        | 5.3.2 Hexadecimal Format  |                |
|        | 5.3.3 Fault Conditions  |                |
|        | 5.3.4 Fatal Faults  |                |
|        | 5.3.5 Critical Faults   |                |
|        | 5.3.6 Negative Gas Fault  |                |
| _      | 5.3.7 Non-Critical Faults   |                |
| 5.     |   |                |
| 5.     | .5 Cleaning the Detector  | <b>3</b> 1     |
| SECTIO | ON 6. SENSOR PRINCIPLE  | 32             |
| SECTIO | ON 7. DISPOSING OF THE DETECTOR   | 33             |
|        |   |                |
| SECTIO |   |                |
| 8.     |   |                |
| ^      |   | 34             |
| 8.     | .2 Specifications for Modbus RTU Digital Communication over RS-485  | 34             |
| 8.     | <ul><li>.2 Specifications for Modbus RTU Digital Communication over RS-485</li><li>.3 Power Supply and Relay Specifications</li></ul> | 34<br>34       |
|        | .2 Specifications for Modbus RTU Digital Communication over RS-485  | 34<br>34<br>34 |

## MVR-300™ Refrigerant Gas Detector

| 8.6 Environmental Specifications                                  | 35 |
|---|----|
| 8.7 Sensor Specifications   |    |
| 8.8 Default Alarm Levels  |    |
| 8.9 Modbus Registers  |    |
| 8.9.1 Read Device Identification                                  |    |
| 8.9.2 Analog Input Registers                                      | 36 |
| 8.9.3 Analog Output Registers                                     |    |
| 8.9.4 Input Status Flags  |    |
| 8.9.5 Output Status Flags   |    |
| SECTION 9. ORDERING INFORMATION                                   | 42 |
| 9.1 MVR-300 Refrigerant Leak Detector Configurations              |    |
| 9.2 MVR-300 Refrigerant Leak Detector Configurations (UK Version) |    |
| 9.3 Accessories   |    |
| SECTION 10. CUSTOM UK BACK BOXES AND FACEPLATES                   |    |
|   |    |
| 10.1 Introduction to UK Version                                   |    |
| 10.2 Hardware Overview – UK Version                               |    |
| 10.3 Using Optional Metal Tabs                                    |    |
| 10.4 Electrical Installation – UK Version                         |    |
| 10.5 Customizing Face Plates                                      |    |
| 10.6 Calibration  | 47 |
| SECTION 11. DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY                             | 49 |

#### SECTION 1. SAFETY

#### 1.1 Definition of Alert Icons

The following alert icons are used in this document to highlight areas of the associated text that require a greater awareness by the user.

| Alert   | lcon        | Description  |
|---------|-------------|--|
| DANGER  |             | Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.   |
| WARNING | $\triangle$ | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.  |
| WARNING | A           | Indicates a potential electrical shock hazard which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.  |
| CAUTION | <u>^</u>    | Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in physical injury or damage to the product or environment. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices. |
| NOTICE  | i           | Indicates additional information on how to use the product.  |

#### 1.2 General Safety Statements

- Before using this product, carefully read and strictly follow the instructions in the manual.
- Use the product only for the purposes specified in this document and under the conditions listed.
- Ensure that product documentation is retained, made available, and appropriately used by anyone operating the product.
- Comply with all local and national laws, rules, and regulations associated with this product.
- Only trained and competent personnel may use this product.
- Only trained and competent personnel may inspect, repair and maintain the product as detailed in this
  manual. Maintenance that is not detailed in this manual must be completed by Bacharach or
  personnel qualified by Bacharach.
- Use only genuine Bacharach spare parts and accessories. Otherwise, operation may be impaired.
- Only operate the product within the framework of a risk-based alarm signaling concept.



**REFRIGERANT SUFFOCATION RISK:** Large refrigerant leaks into occupied spaces can reach concentrations that pose a suffocation risk to the occupants. While the MVR-300 can be used to detect refrigerant leaks well below those concentrations, it is not designed as a stand-alone safety device. Safety of the occupants must take a system design approach including ventilation, detection, early warning, mitigation, and design redundancy among other considerations.

#### 1.3 Safe Connection of Electrical Devices

Before connecting this detector to electrical devices not mentioned in this manual, consult the manufacturer or a qualified professional.



The sensor must be connected by a marked, suitably located and easily reached switch or circuit-breaker as means of disconnection.



If replacement of either main power fuse is required, use only a TR5 Radial 3.15A 250V slow fuse (Littlefuse 372 1315 0001 or equivalent).



Wiring must be in compliance with national and local wiring codes.



RS-485 signal cable must be insulated to the highest voltage level in the system. Protect the RS-485 signal cable by using the supplied installation kit.

#### SECTION 2. DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 Product Overview

The Bacharach MVR-300 continuously checks the ambient air of occupied spaces for refrigerant leaks. The detector is for indoor applications. It is housed in an ABS enclosure that fits into most 2-gang electrical back boxes (not included).



The MVR-300 is designed for use in 2-gang back boxes with a minimum depth of 47 mm (1.9"). Metal United Kingdom (UK) back boxes are also supported, but require a special UK version of the MVR-300, slightly modified installation, and a customized faceplate (not supplied by Bacharach). Otherwise, the UK version is functionally the same. Refer to Chapter 10 for more information on the UK version and its differences.



Figure 1. MVR-300 with Examples of Supported 2-gang Back Boxes

Gas alarms and status messages are indicated visually by a 3-colored LED and audibly by a buzzer. In case of an alarm and/or fault, relays switch (for example, to shut-off valves or to activate alarm devices).

#### 2.2 Intended Use

- Checks ambient air of occupied spaces for refrigerant leaks
- Intended for indoor applications
- ABS enclosure fits into most 2-gang electrical back boxes (not included)
- Can be operated as a stand-alone detector or connected to a BMS/BAS (Building Management/Building Automation) System
- Designed to be installed in non-classified, non-hazardous, permanent locations.

#### 2.3 Design Features

- Powered by 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
- Gas alarms and status messages are indicated visually by a 3-colored LED and audibly by a buzzer
- In case of an alarm and/or fault, relays can switch shut-off valves, alarm devices, or indicators at a BMS/BAS
- Measured gas concentration, status signals and configuration information are accessible via the Modbus RTU interface (see Section 8.9 on page 35)
- Can be calibrated and maintained non-intrusively using a magnetic wand

## 2.4 Components Overview

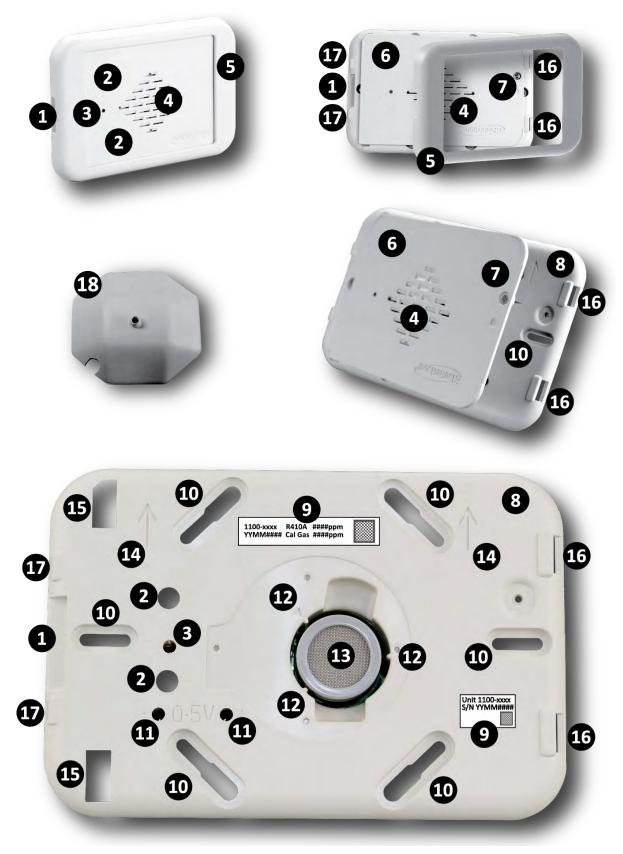


Figure 2. MVR-300 Components (Front)



Figure 3. MVR-300 Components (Back)

| ltem | Description of MVR-300 Components in Figure 2 and Figure 3  |
|------|---|
| 1    | Coin slot to release bezel                                  |
| 2    | Magnetic switch positions 1 (● on top) and 2 (●● on bottom) |
| 3    | Multi-color status LED                                      |
| 4    | Grill   |
| 5    | Decorative snap-on bezel                                    |
| 6    | Cover plate (hinged)  |
| 7    | Captive set screw   |
| 8    | Detector base   |
| 9    | Sensor type/calibration and ID/serial number labels         |
| 10   | Mounting slots (x6)   |
| 11   | Test point access holes (x2)                                |
| 12   | Sensor alignment ribs (x3)                                  |
| 13   | Replaceable sensor module                                   |
| 14   | Direction arrows (x2) for proper mounting                   |
| 15   | Hinges for cover plate                                      |
| 16   | Hinges for bezel  |
| 17   | Snap locks for bezel  |
| 18   | Calibration adapter (fits cover plate and detector base)    |
| 19   | Firmware version and part number/calibration labels         |
| 20   | Configuration DIP switches (1-8)                            |
| 21   | Relay 1 output connectors (low gas alarm)                   |
| 22   | Relay 2 output connectors (high gas alarm or fault)         |
| 23   | Power connectors  |
| 24   | Modbus serial communications connectors                     |
| 25   | Rubber boot for Modbus port                                 |
| 26   | Wiring harness  |

#### SECTION 3. INSTALLATION

#### 3.1 General Information for Installation

Every detail of installation location is critical to ensure overall system performance and effectiveness. Strict compliance and considerable thought must be given to every detail of the installation process, including, but not limited to the following:

- Regulations as well as local, state, and national codes that govern the installation of gas detection equipment
- Electrical codes that govern the routing and connection of electrical power and signal cables to gas detection equipment
- The full range of environmental conditions to which the detectors will be exposed (refer to section 6: Sensor Principle on page 32 for more information on ambient conditions and cross-sensitivity)
- The physical characteristics of the gas or vapor to be detected
- The specifics of the application (e.g., possible leaks, air movement/draft, etc.)
- The degree of accessibility required for maintenance purposes
- The types of optional equipment and accessories that will be used with the system
- Any limiting factors or regulations that would affect system performance or installations
- Wiring details, including the following:
  - Wiring must be connected as indicated in this manual.
  - o The wiring for power and relays must be selected and fused according to the rated voltages, currents, and environmental conditions.
  - o If stranded conductors are used, a ferrule should be used.
  - o A switch or circuit breaker must be included in the installation.
  - o The switch or circuit breaker must be suitably located and easily reached.
  - The switch or circuit breaker must be marked as the disconnect device for the equipment.

#### 3.2 Mechanical Installation

- The detector fits in most 2-gang electrical back boxes (not included) (See Section 10 for details on the custom UK version of the MVR-300)
- The detector must be accessible for maintenance (e.g., adjustment)
- The access pathway of the refrigerant gas to the sensor must not be obstructed
- The detector should be installed about 4 to 6 inches (100 to 150 mm) above the floor level



Figure 4. A Sampling of 2-Gang Electrical Boxes Supported by the MVR-300

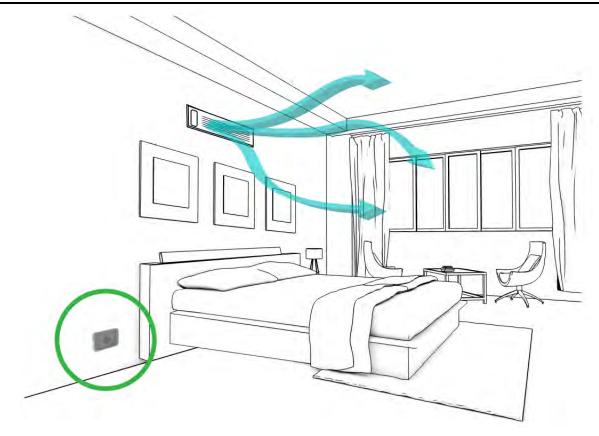


Figure 5. Typical MVR-300 Installation in an Occupied Space Application

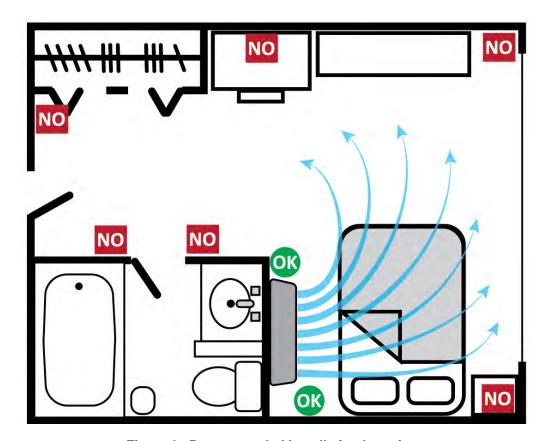


Figure 6. Recommended Installation Locations

#### 3.3 Configuration

Configuration is accomplished via switches or from a Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) on a Modbus serial communications network. Review the default settings to determine if they are suitable for your particular application. If default values are not suitable, change the configuration using the DIP switches, or via the Modbus interface. A summary of switches is shown below. For details on Modbus communications registers, refer to Section 8.9: Modbus Registers on page 36.



By default, switch configurations supersede Modbus configurations. Use Modbus register 2007 (Modbus Precedence over DIP Switch Settings) to change this precedence.

Changes of configurations will not take effect until the detector is restarted (i.e., toggling switch 1 or cycling power).



For a proper reset, switch 1 must be toggled (ON then OFF). If it is left ON, the detector is held in reset mode and will not function correctly until the switch is returned to the OFF position.

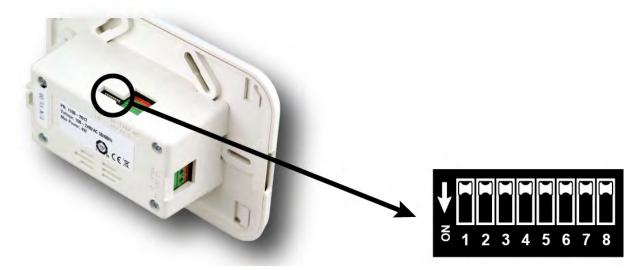


Figure 7. Switches for Configuring the MVR-300

| Switch | Function  | Options and Descriptions   | Positions |
|--------|---|--|-----------|
|        |   | Off = Normal Operation (default)   | ) N 1     |
| 1      | Restart   | On = Restart MVR-300 (must return switch to OFF position)  | N 1       |
|        |   | Off, Off = No delay (default)  | 8 2 3     |
| 2, 3   | Alarm ON  | Off, On = 5 minute delay   | 5 2 3     |
| 2, 0   | Delay   | On, Off = 10 minute delay  | 5 2 3     |
|        |   | On, On = 15 minute delay   | 8 2 3     |
| 4      | Failsafe Relay  | Off = Normal Relay Operation (default)   | ğ 4       |
| 4      | Selection   | On = Failsafe Relay Operation  | ž 4       |
| 5      | Relay 2 Fault   | Off = High Alarm or Fault (default)  | N 5       |
| 3      | Indication  | On = High Alarm Only   | N 5       |
| 6      | Alarm   | Off = Alarms automatically reset (default)   | N 6       |
| 6      | Latching  | On = Alarms latch and require manual reset   | N 6       |
| 7      | Buzzer  | Off = Buzzer enabled (default)   | ¥ 7       |
| 7      | Disable   | On = Buzzer disabled   | 8 7       |
|        | Reset<br>Detector<br>Settings to<br>Factory<br>Default Values | Off = Normal operation   | ž 8       |
| 8      |   | On = Used in reset procedure for resetting Modbus registers to their factory default values (see section 4.3.2 on page 21 for reset information and section 8.9 on page 36 for Modbus registers and default values). | NO 8      |

#### 3.4 Electrical Installation



A switch or circuit breaker must be included in the installation. The switch or circuit breaker must be suitably located and easily reached, and it must be marked as the disconnect device for the equipment.



Ensure all wiring connections are made before applying power.



This product uses semiconductors which can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). When handling the printed circuit boards (PCBs), observe proper ESD precautions so that the electronics are not damaged.



RS-485 signal cable must be insulated to the highest voltage level in the system. Protect the RS-485 signal cable by using the supplied installation kit.



Wiring must be in compliance with national and local wiring codes.



When inserting wire into the terminal, release the spring clamp by pushing the release latch back.

| Step | Description of Electrical Installation |              |                       |   |
|------|--|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| 1.   | Remove beze remove.                    | l by releas  | sing the two sna      | ap locks. When installed, insert coin into the slot t |
| 2.   | Remove cover                           | plate by lo  | oosening the set      | screw.  |
| 3.   | Observing pro                          | per polarity | , connect wires       | for power to the appropriate terminals.               |
|      | Power                                  | Label        | Wiring<br>Termination |   |
|      | 100 to                                 | L            | VAC line              |   |
|      | 240 VAC                                | N            | VAC neutral           |   |
|      | Earth<br>Ground                        | G            | VAC earth ground      | L N ±   |
|      |  | 1            |                       |   |
|      |  |              |                       | Figure 8. Wiring Power                                |

#### **Description of Electrical Installation**

4. Observing proper polarity, connect normally closed (NC) common (COM), and normally open (NO) wires for relays to the appropriate terminals.



Figure 9. Wiring Relay 1 (Low Gas Alarm) and Relay 2 (High Gas Alarm or Fault)

5. Observing proper polarity, make the Modbus connections as follows, using the figures below for reference.

| Label | Description               |
|-------|---------------------------|
| Α     | RS-485 "A" (non-inverted) |
| В     | RS-485 "B" (inverted)     |
| G     | RS-485 shield             |

Step

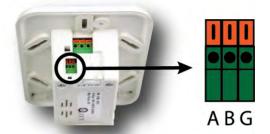
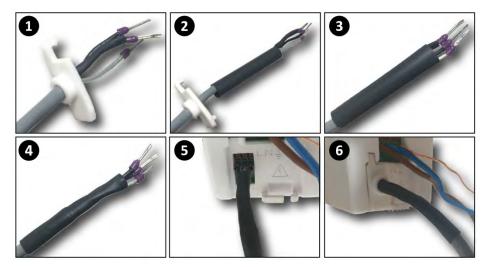
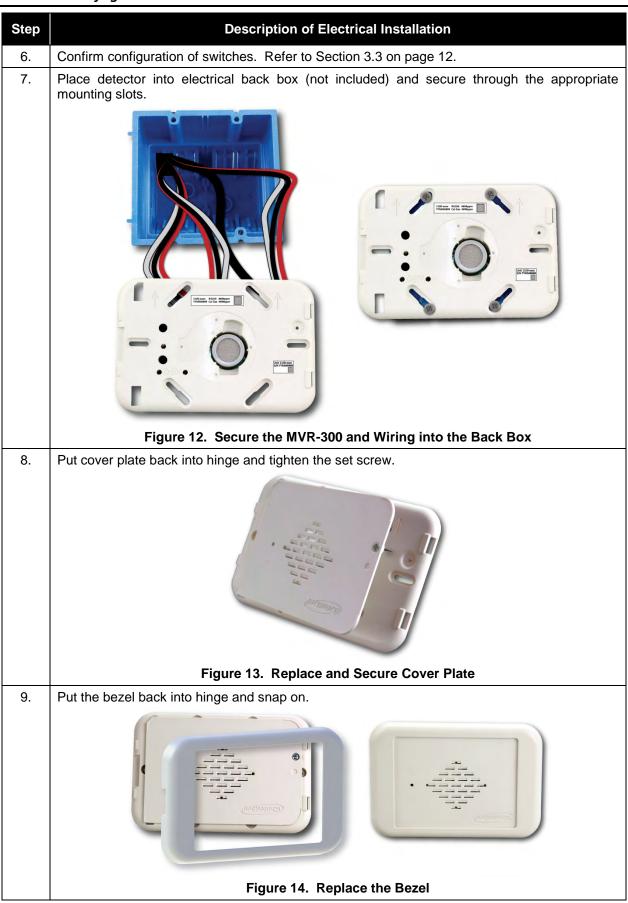


Figure 10. Modbus Wiring Terminals



- Prepare signal cable and put boot over the signal cable (1).
- Add ferules if required (2).
- Apply 10 cm piece of shrink wrap as close to the wire ends/ferules as possible while leaving some free wire to allow connection to the detector (3).
- Heat the shrink wrap (4).
- Connect signal wires/ferules to the detector (5).
- Slide rubber boot along the wire and shrink wrap assembly and connect it to the detector (6).

Figure 11. Details for Connecting Modbus Communications Wiring



## **SECTION 4. OPERATION**

#### 4.1 Start-up

| Step | Description  |
|------|--|
| 1.   | Switch power on.   |
| 2.   | Observe start-up sequence and warm-up phase.   |
|      | <ul> <li>Green LED will blink at 0.5 Hz for about 5 minutes</li> <li>Modbus flag for warm-up is set</li> <li>Buzzer is off</li> <li>Relay state is "no alarm"</li> </ul> |
| 3.   | Observe normal operation.      Green LED is steady on     Buzzer is off     Relay state is "no alarm"  |

#### 4.2 Alarm Management Function and Configuration

The MVR-300 offers several different ways how the detector behaves in case of a refrigerant alarm. The alarm manager can either be configured through the switches or the Modbus interface.

#### 4.2.1 Default Alarm Function

If the refrigerant concentration raises above the alarm 1 set-point:

- The LED flashes red with 0.5 Hz
- The buzzer beeps at 0.5 Hz
- The alarm 1 relay changes state
- The Modbus alarm 1 flag is set.

Once the alarm 1 condition is no longer present and below the hysteresis value (imposed to avoid relay chatter), the detector returns to normal operation.

If the refrigerant concentration raises above the alarm 2 set-point:

- The LED flashes red with 2 Hz.
- The buzzer beeps at 2 Hz
- The alarm 2 relay changes state
- The Modbus alarm 2 flag is set.

Once the alarm 2 condition is no longer present and below the hysteresis value (avoiding relay chatter), the detector returns to alarm 1 state.

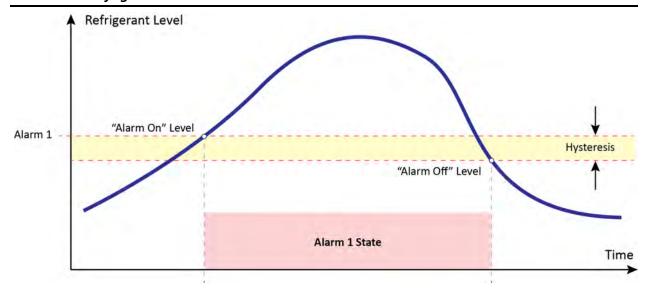


Figure 15. Default Alarm Generation

#### 4.2.2 Alarm Delay – Switches 2 and 3

To avoid premature alarms, ensuring the presence of refrigerant for a certain amount of time, the triggering of the alarm can be delayed for a short period of time. Unless the alarm condition is present for at least the delay time, the alarm will not be triggered.

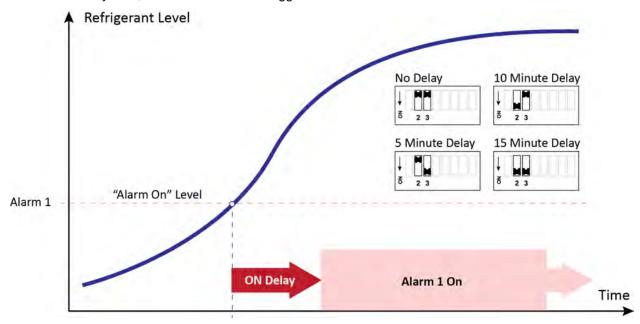


Figure 16. Alarm ON Delay (Alarm Condition Must Be Present for at Least the Programmed Time)

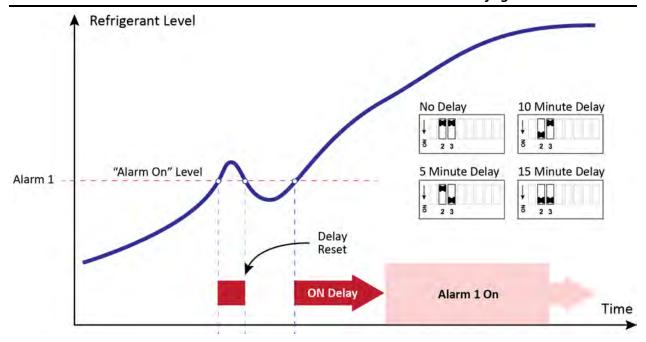


Figure 17. Alarm ON Delay (A Shorter Delay Time Is Disregarded)

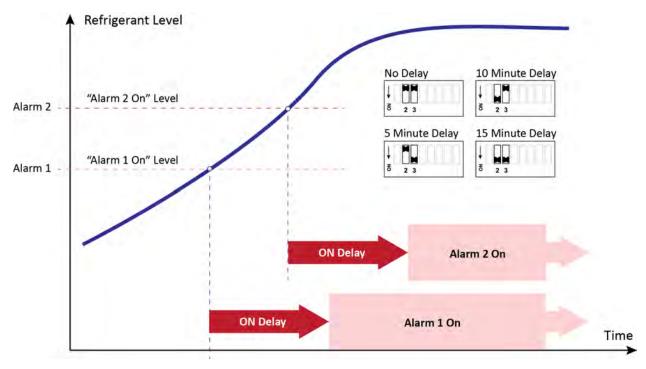


Figure 18. Alarm ON Delay for Multiple Alarm Levels

#### 4.2.3 Failsafe – Switch 4

If ON, the relays will change state whenever either of the following occurs.

- Power loss
- Alarm condition.

#### 4.2.4 Alarm 2 Relay – Switch 5

If ON, the relay will <u>only</u> change state as a result of an alarm condition. In the default configuration, Relay 2 will also indicate critical faults.

#### 4.2.5 Latching Alarm State - Switch 6

If ON, the relay and Modbus flag will not change state until the concentration is below the alarm level and it is acknowledged. The acknowledgement can either happen by tapping and holding the magnetic wand for 5 seconds to the switch indicated as (••) or by changing the respective Modbus flag to 0.

In the default configuration the alarms will automatically reset when the gas level is below the alarm thresholds.

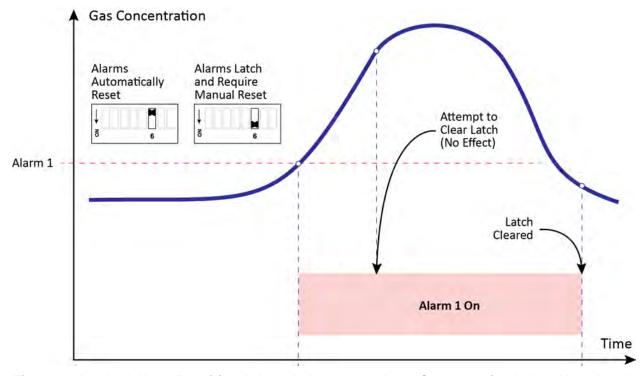


Figure 19. Latched Alarm Requiring Acknowledgement and Gas Concentration below Alarm Level

#### 4.2.6 Buzzer Disable – Switch 7

If ON, the buzzer is disabled and will not sound.

## 4.3 Other Switch Configurations

#### 4.3.1 Reset (Cycle Power) - Switch 1

Use the following procedure to cycle power to the MVR-300.

| Step | Description                        |
|------|------------------------------------|
| 1.   | Move switch 1 to the ON position.  |
| 2.   | Move switch 1 to the OFF position. |
| 3.   | Power is cycled to the MVR-300.    |

#### 4.3.2 Reset to Factory Default Values - Switch 8

Use the following procedure to reset all configurable Modbus registers to their factory default values.

| Step | Description  |
|------|--|
| 1.   | Ensure that the detector is off. If the detector is on, turn off power.                              |
| 2.   | Set switch 8 to ON.  |
| 3.   | Turn on the detector. The buzzer will be ON and the LED will be OFF.                                 |
| 4.   | Set switch 8 to OFF. The buzzer will be OFF and the LED will be OFF.                                 |
| 5.   | Using the magnetic wand, hold magnetic switch 1 (●) for 60 seconds. LED is GREEN during this period. |
| 6.   | Wait for the LED to changes to ORANGE.   |
| 7.   | Reset the detector by cycling power (by toggling switch 1).  |
| 8.   | Detector will start-up as normal and re-read all switch settings.                                    |

#### 4.4 Operation of Magnetic Switches, Buzzer, and LED

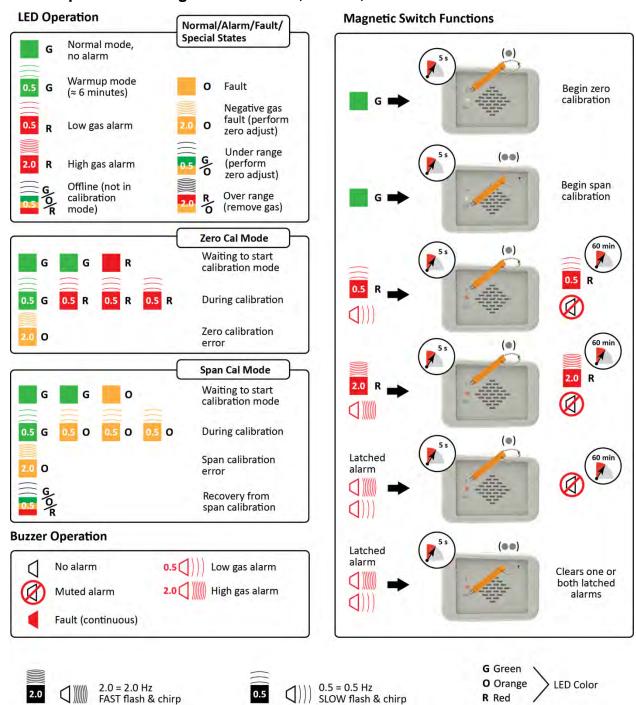


Figure 20. Operation of Magnetic Switches, Buzzer, and LED



If the drill pattern of the customized (metal) faceplate for the UK version of the MVR-300 does not accommodate the two magnetic switch locations, the faceplate must be removed to use the magnetic wand functions (e.g., zero adjustment, span adjustment, alarm latching, alarm silencing, etc.).

#### SECTION 5. MAINTENANCE

#### 5.1 Maintenance Intervals

| Interval       | Function  |
|----------------|---|
|                | Check calibration.  |
| During         | Check LEDs for proper operation.*   |
| Commissioning  | Check for proper buzzer and relay operation.*   |
|                | Check signal transmission to the BMS/BAS (central controller) if connected.*                  |
|                | Inspection by trained service personnel.  |
|                | Check LEDs for proper operation.*   |
| Every 6 Months | Check for proper buzzer and relay operation.*   |
| Every e memale | Check signal transmission to the BMS/BAS (central controller) if connected.*                  |
|                | Calibrate the sensor or contact Bacharach for sensor exchange with factory-calibrated sensor. |
| As Required    | Replace sensor module(s) (see page 30).   |

<sup>\*</sup> These can be activated via Modbus commands.

#### 5.2 Adjustments

#### 5.2.1 Introduction

Adjustment of the detector must be performed at regular intervals as required by national standards or regulations (e.g., EN 378, ASHRAE 15, BREEAM, etc.).



**WARNING** 

**Breathing Hazard:** Calibration gas must not be inhaled! See appropriate Safety Data Sheets. Calibration gas should be vented into a fume hood or to the outside of the building.



**Zero First, Then Span:** For proper operation, never adjust the span *before* completing a zero adjustment. Performing these operations out of order will cause faulty calibration.



Bacharach recommends calibrating detectors within the application-specific condition and with target gas. This method of zeroing the detector in the application environment and performing a target gas calibration is more accurate. A surrogate gas calibration may only be performed as an alternative if a target gas calibration is not possible.



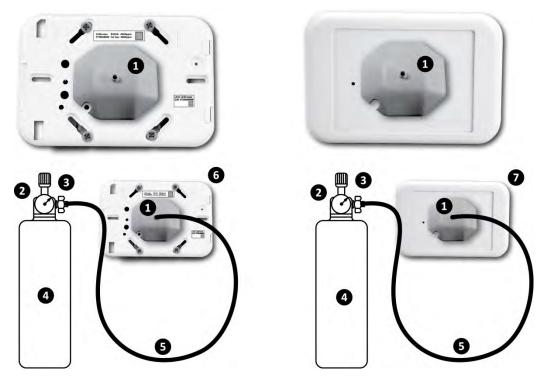
The sensor should be fully warmed-up (at least 2 hours, preferably 24 hours).



When entering the functions for zero or span adjustment, the detector will automatically enter OFFLINE mode, and will remain OFFLINE until either the OFFLINE mode is canceled by tapping the respective magnetic switch, or the OFFLINE mode times out within 6 minutes (typical) after the adjustment has ended.

## 5.2.2 General Procedure

| Step | Description  |  |
|------|--|--|
| 1.   | Verify that the detector is NOT in alarm and does not have a fault condition (i.e., it must <i>not</i> have a continuous orange LED).  |  |
| 2.   | Verify that the calibration gas is in a balance of air, not Nitrogen (N <sub>2</sub> ).  |  |
| 3.   | Attach the pressure regulator to the calibration gas cylinder.   |  |
| 4.   | Fit calibration adapter to the cover plate or base plate (see below).  |  |
| 5.   | Connect the tubing to the barbed fittings of the pressure regulator and calibration adapter.   |  |
| 6.   | Verify that gas flow is approximately 0.3 to 1.0 L/min.  |  |
| 7.   | If operation is intended to be at higher altitudes, the factory calibration will result in a reading lower than the reading at sea level (reduced partial pressure). A new span adjustment is recommended if the altitude or the ambient pressure is changed. The factory calibration is set to sea level. |  |
| 8.   | Always perform a zero adjustment before a span adjustment.   |  |



| Item | Description of Calibration Components                |
|------|--|
| 1    | Calibration adapter                                  |
| 2    | Flow meter   |
| 3    | Pressure regulator                                   |
| 4    | Calibration gas                                      |
| 5    | Tubing   |
| 6    | Calibration from base plate (with test point access) |
| 7    | Calibration from cover plate                         |

Figure 21. Calibration Assembly

#### 5.2.3 Zero Adjustment



Ambient air can be used to zero the sensor instead of synthetic air only if the area is known to be free of the target gas or any gas to which the sensor may be cross-sensitive. In this case, no cylinder or calibration adapter is needed for the zero adjustment.

| Step | Description (Continued from General Procedure)   |  |  |  |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| 9.   | Tap and hold (●) for more than 5 seconds. The LED will blink green-green-red to indicate the detector is ready.  |  |  |  |
| 10.  | Apply synthetic air (or use ambient air per the warning above).  |  |  |  |
| 11.  | Tap (•) within 30 seconds to confirm start of calibration. Otherwise the detector will time-out and return to normal operation.  |  |  |  |
| 12.  | As the process progresses, the LED will blink green-red, green-red, green-red-red, etc.  • To abort calibration, tap and hold (●) for >5 seconds, turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter. The detector will return to normal operation.  • If calibration is successful (green LED), skip to step 15.  • If calibration is unsuccessful (orange LED blinks @ 2 Hz), then tap (●) to discard the calibration attempt, and see Section 5.3 on page 26 for troubleshooting. |  |  |  |
| 13.  | Turn off gas flow from synthetic air.  |  |  |  |
| 14.  | Replace synthetic air tank with calibration gas tank in preparation for span adjustment.   |  |  |  |

#### 5.2.4 Span Adjustment

| Step | Description (Continued from Zero Adjustment)  |  |
|------|---|--|
| 15.  | Tap and hold (●●) for >5 seconds. The LED will blink green-green-orange when the detector is ready.   |  |
| 16.  | Apply span gas in the concentration listed on the cal gas concentration label (beneath the detector's cover plate). This may require the temporary removal of the bezel and cover plate to see the label.   |  |
| 17.  | Tap (●●) within 30 seconds to confirm initiation of the calibration. Otherwise the detector will time-out and return to normal operation.   |  |
| 18.  | As the calibration process progresses, the LED will blink green-orange, green-orange-orange, green-orange-orange, etc.  |  |
|      | <ul> <li>To abort calibration, tap and hold (●●) for &gt;5 seconds, turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter. The detector will return to normal operation.</li> <li>If calibration is successful, the LED will blink green-orange-red indicating 'offline'. Turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter. After 6 minutes the detector will return to normal operation.</li> <li>If calibration is unsuccessful (orange LED blinks @ 2 Hz), then tap (●●) to discard the calibration attempt, and see Section 5.3 on page 26 for troubleshooting. Turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter. After 6 minutes the detector will return to normal operation.</li> </ul> |  |

#### 5.2.5 Bump Test

A bump test is a live test of a system to verify that the detector responds to gas and all connected alarm devices, BMS, etc. are operating accordingly. In this case it is necessary that all involved persons are informed about the test and certain alarms might have to be inhibited (e.g., shutdown valves, notification of authorities, etc.).

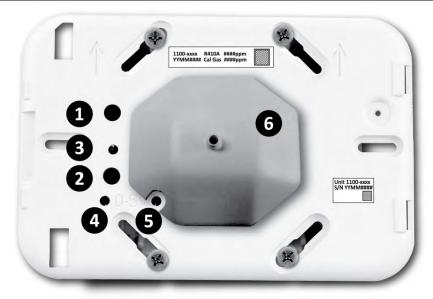
| Step | Description   |  |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| 1.   | Inform building personnel of test so that certain alarms may be inhibited (e.g., shutdown valves, notification of authorities, etc.).   |  |  |  |
| 2.   | Connect adapter and target gas according to instructions in Section 5.2.2: General Calibration Procedure on page 24.  |  |  |  |
| 3.   | Apply a sufficiently high concentration of target gas to trigger alarms, but not pure refrigerant or hydrocarbons (e.g., do not use a butane lighter), as this might damage the sensor. |  |  |  |
| 4.   | Once the alarm thresholds are exceeded, all designated gas alarm relays will be activated and the digital outputs will transmit the corresponding gas concentrations.                   |  |  |  |
| 5.   | Turn off gas flow and remove calibration adapter.   |  |  |  |

## 5.3 Troubleshooting

#### 5.3.1 Failed Span Adjustment

| Step | Description   |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1.   | Remove bezel and face plate.  |  |  |
| 2.   | Attach calibration adapter.   |  |  |
| 3.   | Configure voltmeter to measure 0 to 5 VDC.  |  |  |
| 4.   | Insert voltmeter probes into the marked test points.  |  |  |
| 5.   | Tap and hold (●●) for more than 5 seconds.  |  |  |
| 6.   | The LED will blink green-green-orange to indicate the detector is ready.  |  |  |
| 7.   | Apply span gas in the concentration listed on the cal gas concentration label on the detector base.   |  |  |
| 8.   | Tap (●●) within 30 seconds confirm to initiate calibration. Otherwise the detector will time-out and return to normal operation.  |  |  |
| 9.   | While gas is being applied the analog output will generate a voltage proportional to measured gas concentration. For example, for a 5,000 ppm span detector, applying 2,500 cal gas should, once stable, result in a 2.5 VDC reading. $Reading = 5 \times \frac{2500}{5000} = 2.5 \textit{VDC}$ |  |  |
| 10.  | As the process progresses, the LED will blink green-orange, green-orange-orange-orange, etc.  |  |  |
| 11.  | To abort the calibration tap and hold (●●) for more than 5 seconds.   |  |  |
| 12.  | The LED will blink green-orange-red indicating "offline".   |  |  |
| 13.  | Turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter from the detector.   |  |  |
| 14.  | The detector will return after 6 minutes (typical) to normal operation.   |  |  |
| 15.  | If the calibration was successful, skip the next step.  |  |  |
| 16.  | If the calibration was not successful, the orange LED will blink at 2 Hz.   |  |  |
| 17.  | Tap (●●) to discard the calibration attempt.  |  |  |

| Step | Description  |  |  |
|------|--|--|--|
| 18.  | The voltage reading is an indicator of the sensitivity of the sensor. If the voltage reading is significantly lower than the expected value, the sensor module must be replaced. |  |  |
| 19.  | The LED will blink green-orange-red indicating "offline".  |  |  |
| 20.  | Turn off gas flow and remove the calibration adapter from the detector.  |  |  |
| 21.  | Put cover plate back on and tighten set screw.   |  |  |
| 22.  | Put bezel back on.   |  |  |
| 23.  | The detector will return to normal operation after 6 minutes (typical).  |  |  |



| Item Description |                                  |  |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1                | Magnetic switch position 1 (●)   |  |
| 2                | Magnetic switch position 2 (●●)  |  |
| 3                | Multi-color status LED           |  |
| 4                | 0-5 V test point access hole (-) |  |
| 5                | 0-5 V test point access hole (+) |  |
| 6                | Calibration adapter              |  |

Figure 22. Test Point Access with Calibration Adapter in Place

#### 5.3.2 Hexadecimal Format

All fault codes can be retrieved through the Modbus interface and are shown in hexadecimal (hex) format. A hex digit can represent multiple codes as shown below.

| Hex<br>Code | Equivalent<br>Error Code(s) |
|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 0           | 0                           | 4           | 4                           | 8           | 8                           | С           | 4 + 8                       |
| 1           | 1                           | 5           | 1 + 4                       | 9           | 1 + 8                       | D           | 1 + 4 + 8                   |
| 2           | 2                           | 6           | 1 + 2 + 3                   | Α           | 2 + 8                       | Е           | 2 + 4 + 8                   |
| 3           | 1 + 2                       | 7           | 1 + 2 + 4                   | В           | 1 + 2 + 8                   | F           | 1 + 2 + 4 + 8               |

## 5.3.3 Fault Conditions

| Bit<br>Mask<br>(HEX) | Fault                            | Description  | Fault<br>State              | Pri-<br>ority | Clearing Action                              | Required<br>Actions During<br>Fault |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| All bits cleared     | No fault                         |  |                             |               |  |                                     |
| 0x0001               | Software fault                   | Firmware error (e.g., unexpected switch state)                           | Fatal<br>fault              | 1             | Acknowledge (reset firmware)                 | Wait for switch 2 hold              |
| 0x0002               | Sensor out                       | Cannot detect sensor   | Critical fault              | 2             | Sensor Detected                              | Check sensor                        |
| 0x0004               | Input voltage fault              | Power supply voltage out of range.                                       | Critical fault              | 2             | Input voltage within specification           | Check Input voltage                 |
| 0x0008               | Memory fault                     | Error in<br>reading/writing to<br>RAM, flash or internal<br>(PIC) EEPROM | Critical<br>fault           | 2             | Memory test passed                           | Test memory                         |
| 0x0010               | DAC fault                        | Error updating DAC value   | Non<br>critical<br>fault    | 4             | DAC can be written to                        | Write to DAC                        |
| 0x0020               | Stuck<br>magnetic<br>switch      | Magnetic switch activated for > 1 minute                                 | Non<br>critical<br>fault    | 4             | Switch released                              | Check switch state                  |
| 0x0040               | Negative gas concentration fault | Sensor output has drifted too negative                                   | Nega-<br>tive gas<br>fault  | 3             | Gas concentration exceeds negative gas limit | Check gas concentration             |
| 0x0080               | Invalid calibration              | Error in calibration configuration                                       | Critical fault              | 2             | Load valid calibration                       | Read from external EEPROM           |
| 0x0100               | Zero<br>calibration<br>failure   | Zero calibration failed  | Calibra-<br>tion<br>failure | 5             | Acknowledgement of failed calibration        | Wait for switch 2 hold              |
| 0x0200               | Sensor read<br>EEPROM fault      | Error in reading from external EEPROM                                    | Critical fault              | 2             | External EEPROM read success                 | Read from external EEPROM           |
| 0x0400               | Sensor write<br>EEPROM fault     | Error in reading writing to external EEPROM                              | Critical fault              | 2             | External EEPROM write success                | Wait for write                      |
| 0x0800               | Sensor<br>configuration<br>fault | Error in external<br>EEPROM data   | Critical fault              | 2             | External EEPROM write valid data             | Wait for write                      |
| 0x1000               | Span<br>calibration<br>failure   | Span calibration failed  | Calibra-<br>tion<br>failure | 5             | Acknowledgement of failed calibration        | Wait for switch 2 hold              |
| 0x2000               | System read<br>EEPROM fault      | Error in reading from internal EEPROM                                    | Critical fault              | 2             | Internal EEPROM read/write success           | Read from internal EEPROM           |
| 0x4000               | System write<br>EEPROM fault     | Error in reading writing to internal EEPROM                              | Critical<br>fault           | 2             | Internal EEPROM read/write success           | Wait for write                      |
| 0x1000               | System configuration fault       | Error in internal<br>EEPROM data   | Critical<br>fault           | 2             | Internal EEPROM<br>write valid data          | Wait for write                      |

#### 5.3.4 Fatal Faults

- Orange LED is on
- Relay 2 indicates fault, if configured
- Buzzer is on
- · Modbus flag is set to fault
- Gas reading is invalid

Fatal faults can only be recovered by rebooting the system. To reboot the system do the following.

| Step | Description  |
|------|--|
| 1.   | Tap and hold (●●) for more than 5 seconds or set the Modbus flag.  |
| 2.   | If the reboot was successful, the detector will return to normal operation. Otherwise exchange detector. |

#### 5.3.5 Critical Faults

- Orange LED is on
- · Relay 2 indicates fault, if configured
- Buzzer is on
- Modbus flag is set to fault
- Gas reading is invalid

| Step | Description  |
|------|--|
| 1.   | If the remedy suggestions are successful or the detector can resolve the issue, the critical fault is canceled and the detector returns to normal operation. |
| 2.   | If the detector is set to latching, tap and hold (●●) to acknowledge the latch mode or set the Modbus flag.  |

#### 5.3.6 Negative Gas Fault

- Orange LED blinks at frequency of 2 Hz
- · Relay 2 indicates fault, if configured
- Buzzer is on
- Modbus flag is set to fault
- Gas reading is invalid

The zero point of the sensor has drifted below the acceptable limit. This could be intermittent if the zero reading is chattering around the limit.

| Step | Description   |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1.   | Hold (●●) for 5 seconds to acknowledge a negative gas fault.  |  |  |
| 2.   | If the fault is still active the detector begins the Zero Calibration process; otherwise the fault may clear. |  |  |
| 3.   | If a zero calibration is not possible exchange the sensor.  |  |  |

#### 5.3.7 Non-Critical Faults

- Orange LED is on
- Modbus flag is set to fault
- · Gas reading and alarm management is valid

The detector is fully functional, however, this condition needs to be resolved.

## 5.4 Replacing the Sensor Module



This product uses semiconductors which can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). When handling the PCB, care must be taken so that the electronics is not damaged.

| Step | Description   |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|
| 1.   | Power-down detector.  |  |  |
| 2.   | Remove bezel and cover plate.   |  |  |
| 3.   | Pull out sensor module. It is recommended to use extractor tool part number 1100-2022.  |  |  |
| 4.   | Plug new sensor module into sensor control PCB. Ensure that the three notches of the sensor module align with the 3 ribs of the detector base. Use the small triangles printed on the sensor module as a guide. |  |  |
| 5.   | Put cover plate back on and tighten set screw.  |  |  |
| 6.   | Put bezel back on and power-up detector.  |  |  |
| 7.   | Wait until the start-up sequence is finished.   |  |  |
| 8.   | Check sensor response.  |  |  |



| Item | Description                             |  |
|------|---|--|
| 1    | Replaceable sensor module               |  |
| 2    | Sensor alignment ribs (x3)              |  |
| 3    | Sensor extractor tool (color may vary)  |  |
| 4    | Recesses (x2) for extracting sensor     |  |
| 5    | Alignment notches (x3) on sensor module |  |

Figure 23. Sensor Replacement Showing Sensor Extractor Tool

## 5.5 Cleaning the Detector

Clean the detector with a soft cloth using water and a mild detergent. Rinse with water. Do not use any alcohols, cleaning agents, sprays, polishes, detergents, etc.

#### SECTION 6. SENSOR PRINCIPLE

Semiconductor or metallic oxide sensors (MOSs) are among the most versatile of all broad-range sensors. They are heated to a temperature between 150° and 300° C depending on the gas(es) to be detected. The temperature of operation as well as the "recipe" of mixed oxides determines the sensor selectivity to various refrigerants. Electrical conductivity greatly increases as soon as a diffusion process allows the refrigerant molecules to come in contact with the sensor surface. Water vapor, high ambient humidity, temperature fluctuations, alcohols, cleaning agents, sprays, polishes, detergents, and low oxygen levels can result in higher readings.



Certain substances in the environment may impair the sensitivity of the sensors:

- 1. Materials containing silicone or silicone rubber/putty
- 2. Corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfur oxide, chlorine, hydrogen chloride, etc.
- 3. Alkaline metals, salt water spray.

## SECTION 7. DISPOSING OF THE DETECTOR



EU-wide regulations governing the disposal of electrical and electronic appliances which have been defined in the EU Directive 2012/19/EU and in national laws have been effective since August 2012 and apply to this device.

Common household appliances can be disposed of using special collecting and recycling facilities. However, this device has not been registered for household usage. Therefore it must not be disposed of through these channels. The device can be returned to your national Bacharach Sales Organization for disposal. Contact Bacharach if you have any questions.

## **SECTION 8. TECHNICAL DATA**

## 8.1 Approvals

| Specification         | Description   |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| EN 50270:2015         | Electromagnetic compatibility. Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen |  |
| CE                    | Approval pending  |  |
| UL/CSA/IEC/EN 61010-1 | Approval Pending  |  |

## 8.2 Specifications for Modbus RTU Digital Communication over RS-485

| Specification  | Description                                |
|----------------|--|
| Baud Rate      | 9,600 <sup>1</sup> or 19,200 (selectable)  |
| Start Bits     | 1  |
| Data Bits      | 8  |
| Parity         | None <sup>1</sup> , odd, even (selectable) |
| Stop Bits      | 1 <sup>1</sup> or 2 (selectable)           |
| Retry Time     | 500 ms, min time between retries           |
| End of Message | Silent 3.5 characters                      |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> - Default Values

## 8.3 Power Supply and Relay Specifications

| Specification     | Description   |
|-------------------|---|
| Operating Voltage | 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz  |
| Operating Power   | 4 W max   |
| Power Monitoring  | Green LED   |
| Relay Rating      | 2 SPDT; 1 A at 30 VDC, 1 A at 125 and 250 VAC, resistive load                     |
| Audible Alarm     | Internal Buzzer; open enclosure<br>85 dBA at 10 cm (4 in); 80 dBA @ 30 cm (12 in) |
| Alarm Delay       | 0 to 15 minutes (selectable 0, 5, 10, 15)   |

## 8.4 Wiring Specifications

| Specification  | Description   |  |
|----------------|---|--|
| Power          | 3-core cable, 14 to 20 AWG (0.5 to 2.0 mm <sup>2</sup> )  |  |
| Relay          | 3-core cable, 18 to 20 AWG (0.5 to 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> )  |  |
| Modbus Network | 2-core twisted pair shielded cable 18 to 24 AWG (0.2 to 1.0 mm²) with 120 Ohm characteristic impedance; Use Belden 8761 or similar; |  |
|                | Max diameter of cable plus heat shrink must be $\leq 5$ mm (0.2 in) (to fit boot)   |  |

## 8.5 Physical Specifications

| Specification                | Description  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Enclosure Material           | ABS  |
| Enclosure Protection         | IP40, NEMA 1   |
| Size L x W x D (Approximate) | 6" x 4.1" x 1.75" (150 x 105 x 45 mm) including bezel Depth of bezel 0.39" (10 mm) |
| Weight (Approximate)         | 8 oz (230 g)   |

## 8.6 Environmental Specifications

| Specification       | Description                              |
|---------------------|--|
| Temperature         | 32° to 122° F (0° to 50° C)              |
| Storage Temperature | -40° to 122° F (-40° to 50° C)           |
| Humidity            | 5 to 90% RH, non-condensing              |
| Pressure            | 23.6 to 32.5 in. of Hg (800 to 1100 hPa) |
| Elevation           | 0 to 6,560 ft. (2000 m) altitude         |

## 8.7 Sensor Specifications

| Specification    | Description                                     |
|------------------|---|
| Detectable Gases | R-22, R-32, R-404a, R-407c, R-410a              |
| Measuring Ranges | 0 to 2,500 ppm; 0 to 5,000 ppm; 0 to 10,000 ppm |

## 8.8 Default Alarm Levels

| Alarm #   | Alarm Ranges   |                |                 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Aldilli # | 0 to 2,500 ppm | 0 to 5,000 ppm | 0 to 10,000 ppm |
| Alarm 1   | 500 ppm        | 1,000 ppm      | 2,000 ppm       |
| Alarm 2   | 2,000 ppm      | 4,000 ppm      | 8,000 ppm       |

#### 8.9 Modbus Registers



If items span two registers (e.g., 1005 and 1006), then the registers are "long" or "float" data types. Otherwise the registers are integer data types or ASCII.

#### ....

#### 8.9.1 Read Device Identification

The following Object IDs are used with function code 43/14 to read ASCII device identification objects.

| Object<br>ID | Name                       | Description                      | Def Val     |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 0x00         | Read Device Identification | Vendor name                      | "Bacharach" |
| 0x01         | Read Device Identification | Product code                     | "MVR-300"   |
| 0x02         | Read Device Identification | Revision (Major/minor/"bug fix") | "NN.nn.bb"  |

#### 8.9.2 Analog Input Registers

Analog input registers are read only and use function code 04.

| Reg<br>Addr | Name                               | Description  | Data Type           | Def Val |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| 1000        | 16 bit Current Fault Code          | Active or latched faults   | Hex                 | 0       |
| 1001        | 16 bit Last Fault Code             | All faults which have occurred since startup or fault register reset | Hex                 | 0       |
| 1002        | Gas Concentration PPM              | Current gas concentration in PPM                                     | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1003        | Gas Concentration % FS (0-100)     | Current gas concentration as percentage of full scale                | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1004        | Hours since last calibration       | Can be reset by a calibration operation                              | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1005        | PPM Hours                          | Sensor gas exposure clock.<br>Cannot be reset                        | 32-bit long         |         |
| 1006        |                                    |  |                     |         |
| 1012        | Software Version Sensor<br>Major   | Software Version in the format NN.nn.bb.                             | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1013        | Software Version Sensor<br>Minor   |  | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1014        | Software Version Sensor Bug<br>Fix |  | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1015        | Sensor Type Code                   | Hex code indicating the sensor type, gas and range                   | Hex                 |         |
| 1016        | Full Scale in PPM                  | Limit of measurement of the sensor                                   | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1017        | Gas Low Alarm PPM                  | Low alarm threshold in PPM   | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1018        | Gas High Alarm PPM                 | High alarm threshold in PPM  | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |

| Reg<br>Addr | Name   | Description  | Data Type           | Def Val |
|-------------|--|--|---------------------|---------|
| 1019        | Gas Low Alarm % FS (0-100)                               | Low alarm threshold as percentage of full scale            | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1020        | Gas High Alarm % FS (0-100)                              | High alarm threshold as percentage of full scale           | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1021        | Minimum Alarm Setting PPM                                | Lowest allowable alarm setting                             | Unsigned integer    |         |
| 1022        | Sensor Gas Type Text Char 1,2                            |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1023        | Sensor Gas Type Text Char 3,4                            | Text string indicating the target gas e.g., "R410a"        | ASCII               |         |
| 1024        | Sensor Gas Type Text Char 5,NULL                         |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1025        | Main Electronics UID Char 1,2                            |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1026        | Main Electronics UID Char 3,4                            | Text string indicating the detector                        | ASCII               |         |
| 1027        | Main Electronics UID Char 5,6                            | serial number e.g., "U1234567"                             | ASCII               |         |
| 1028        | Main Electronics UID Char 7,8                            |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1029        | Sensor Module SID Char 1,2                               |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1030        | Sensor Module SID Char 3,4                               | Text string indicating the sensor                          | ASCII               |         |
| 1031        | Sensor Module SID Char 5,6                               | serial number e.g., "S7654321"                             | ASCII               |         |
| 1032        | Sensor Module SID Char 7,8                               |  | ASCII               |         |
| 1036        | Signed Raw Gas<br>Concentration PPM - no<br>thresholding | Raw gas concentration used for calibration procedure       | Signed<br>integer   |         |
| 1037        | Rate of change of sensor                                 | Rate of change of semiconductor sensor resistance. Used to | Float               |         |
| 1038        | resistance   | determine stability of gas response in calibration         |                     |         |
| 1039        | Sensor cal gas lower limit PPM                           | Lower limit of the gas for calibration                     | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1040        | Sensor cal gas upper limit PPM                           | Upper limit of the gas for calibration                     | Unsigned<br>Integer |         |
| 1041        | Auto Cal Zero Time<br>Remaining                          | Seconds remaining in auto zero calibration procedure       | Unsigned<br>Integer | 0       |
| 1042        | Auto Cal Span Time<br>Remaining                          | Seconds remaining in auto span calibration procedure       | Unsigned<br>Integer | 0       |
| 1043        | Auto Cal Recovery Time<br>Remaining                      | Seconds remaining in span recovery                         | Unsigned<br>Integer | 0       |

### 8.9.3 Analog Output Registers

Analog output registers are readable (using function code 03) and writable (using function code 06).



Before writing to any "locked" registers, be sure to use the Parameter Unlock register (2000) first to unlock the registers and (if desired) to re-lock those registers afterwards.

| Reg<br>Addr | Name   | Description  | Data<br>Type        | Def Val           | R/W                      |
|-------------|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 2000        | Parameter Unlock                                 | Writing the correct unlock code (0x6388) to this register allows an external controller to change system parameters. Writing any other value (or cycling power thereby restoring the default value of zero) re-locks the lockable system parameters. | Unsigned<br>integer | 0                 | R/W                      |
| 2001        | RS-485 Node<br>Address                           | Modbus address 1-247   | Unsigned integer    | 1                 | R/W                      |
| 2002        | Baud Rate  | 0 = 9600 Baud; 1 = 19200 Baud  | Unsigned integer    | 0 (9600<br>baud)  | R/W                      |
| 2003        | Stop Bits  | Number of stop bits  | Unsigned integer    | 1                 | R/W                      |
| 2004        | Parity   | Parity (0=none, 1=odd, 2=even)   | Unsigned integer    | None              | R/W                      |
| 2005        | Gas Low Alarm<br>PPM                             | Low gas alarm in PPM   | Unsigned integer    | Unit<br>dependent | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2006        | Gas High Alarm<br>PPM                            | High gas alarm in PPM  | Unsigned integer    | Unit<br>dependent | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2007        | Modbus<br>Precedence over<br>DIP Switch Settings | If set then the values programmed over Modbus take precedence over the values set by DIP switch 0 = DIP settings used 1 = MODBUS settings used   | Unsigned<br>integer | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2008        | Alarm On Delay<br>Value                          | Alarm On delay in minutes.<br>Range 0-15.<br>Note: Setting only has an effect<br>if the Modbus priority flag is set  | Unsigned integer    | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2009        | Relay Contact<br>Behavior / Failsafe             | 0 = NO relay<br>1 = Failsafe relay<br>Note: Setting only has an effect<br>if the Modbus priority flag is set   | Unsigned integer    | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |

| Reg<br>Addr | Name                         | Description  | Data<br>Type        | Def Val           | R/W                      |
|-------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 2010        | Relay 2 Fault<br>Indication  | 0 = Relay 2 indicates high alarm only 1 = Relay 2 indicates high alarm and fault condition Note: Setting only has an effect if the Modbus priority flag is set | Unsigned<br>integer | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2011        | Alarm Latching<br>Behavior   | 0 = Alarms automatically reset 1 = Alarms must be acknowledged Note: Setting only has an effect if the Modbus priority flag is set                             | Unsigned integer    | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2012        | Buzzer disable               | 0 = Buzzer normal operation 1 = Buzzer disabled Note: Setting only has an effect if the Modbus priority flag is set  | Unsigned integer    | 0                 | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 2017        | Calibration Gas<br>Level PPM | Level of gas being applied during calibration  | Unsigned integer    | Unit<br>dependent | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |

# 8.9.4 Input Status Flags

Input status flags are readable (using function code 02).

| Reg Addr | Name                    | Description Day Ty   |         | Def<br>Val |
|----------|-------------------------|--|---------|------------|
| 3000     | Gas Low Alarm<br>Flag   | 0 = No low alarm state<br>1 = Low alarm active or latched                                      | Boolean | 0          |
| 3001     | Gas High Alarm<br>Flag  | 0 = No high alarm state<br>1 = Low alarm active or latched                                     | Boolean | 0          |
| 3002     | Saturation Overflow     | 0 = Gas level less than or equal to full scale range<br>1 = Gas level exceeds full scale range | Boolean | 0          |
| 3003     | Saturation<br>Underflow | 0 = Gas level greater than or equal to 0 ppm<br>1 = Gas level underflow condition              | Boolean | 0          |
| 3004     | Startup                 | Detector is in startup. No valid gas level or outputs  | Boolean | 0          |
| 3005     | Detector Offline        | Detector not reporting gas level or generating alarm conditions                                | Boolean | 0          |
| 3006     | Detector Fault          | The detector is reporting a fault which prevents valid gas level or output generation          | Boolean | 0          |
| 3007     | Relay 1 State           | 0 = Relay de-energized<br>1 = Relay energized  | Boolean | 0          |
| 3008     | Relay 2 State           | 0 = Relay de-energized<br>1 = Relay energized  | Boolean | 0          |

## 8.9.5 Output Status Flags

Output status flags are readable (using function code 01) and writable (using function code 05).



Before writing to any "locked" registers, be sure to use the Parameter Unlock register (2000) first to unlock the registers and (if desired) to re-lock those registers afterwards.

| Reg<br>Addr | Name   | Description   | Data<br>Type | Def<br>Val | R/W                      |
|-------------|--|---|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 4000        | Offline mode   | Setting this flag places the detector into offline mode. When offline the detector will not respond to gas events or generate alarm conditions. The flag will remain asserted for the duration of offline mode. Offline mode will end after expiry of the offline mode timeout or by clearing this flag.                        | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4001        | Calibration expired                                      | 1 => The sensor requires calibration Can be cleared by performing a calibration or by resetting this flag.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4002        | Start Zero<br>Calibration<br>Procedure                   | Setting this flag triggers the automatic zero calibration procedure. The flag will remain asserted during the procedure. Writing a zero to the flag during the procedure will cancel the procedure and the detector will return to normal operation.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4003        | Start Span<br>Calibration<br>Procedure                   | Setting this flag places the detector offline and triggers the automatic span calibration procedure. The flag will remain asserted during the procedure. Writing a zero to the flag during the procedure will cancel the procedure and the detector will remain offline for the duration of the span calibration recovery time. | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4004        | Perform<br>Immediate Zero<br>Calibration<br>Procedure    | Setting this flag performs an immediate zero calibration. The detector will return to normal operation on completion.   | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4005        | Perform<br>Immediate<br>Span<br>Calibration<br>Procedure | Setting this flag performs an immediate span calibration as long as the detector is already in offline mode. The detector will remain offline for the duration of the span calibration recovery time after completion of the procedure  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4006        | Alarm Flag   | If asserted then a gas alarm state exists. Clearing this flag will clear any latched alarm states.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4007        | Clear last fault   | Clear non-active faults from LAST FAULT register. If any current faults are still active then these will be held in LAST FAULT register.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |

# MVR-300™ Refrigerant Gas Detector

| Reg<br>Addr | Name                            | Description   | Data<br>Type | Def<br>Val | R/W                      |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 4013        | Manual<br>Override              | Setting this flag places the detector into manual override mode to allow for testing of outputs. During manual override mode the relays, analog output and LEDs will not respond to gas events, alarm conditions or faults.  Manual override mode may be terminated by clearing this flag. Alternatively the mode will timeout after a set period after which normal operation will resume. | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4014        | Relay 1 Manual<br>Control       | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag energizes relay 1; clearing this flag de-energizes relay 1. Relay failsafe configuration has no effect on this test.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4015        | Relay 2 Manual<br>Control       | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag energizes relay 2; clearing this flag de-energizes relay 2. Relay failsafe configuration has no effect on this test.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4016        | Buzzer Test<br>Mode             | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag activates the buzzer; clearing this flag deactivates the buzzer. Buzzer mute control has no effect on this test.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4017        | Red LED<br>Manual Control       | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag turns on the red LED; clearing this flag turns off the red LED.   | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4018        | Green LED<br>Manual Control     | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag turns on the green LED; clearing this flag turns off the green LED.   | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |
| 4019        | Analog Output<br>Manual Control | If the detector is in manual override mode, setting this flag sets the analog output to full scale; clearing this flag sets the analog output to zero.  | Boolean      | 0          | R. W if<br>un-<br>locked |

# **SECTION 9. ORDERING INFORMATION**

# 9.1 MVR-300 Refrigerant Leak Detector Configurations

| P/N       | Detection Range | Refrigerant |  |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 6203-0001 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-0002 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-410a      |  |
| 6203-0003 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-0011 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-0012 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-407c      |  |
| 6203-0013 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-0021 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-0022 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-404a      |  |
| 6203-0023 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-0041 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-0042 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-32        |  |
| 6203-0043 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |

# 9.2 MVR-300 Refrigerant Leak Detector Configurations (UK Version)

| P/N       | Detection Range | Refrigerant |  |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| 6203-1001 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-1002 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-410a      |  |
| 6203-1003 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-1011 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-1012 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-407c      |  |
| 6203-1013 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-1021 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-1022 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-404a      |  |
| 6203-1023 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |
| 6203-1041 | 0 to 2500 ppm   |             |  |
| 6203-1042 | 0 to 5000 ppm   | R-32        |  |
| 6203-1043 | 0 to 10000 ppm  |             |  |

# 9.3 Accessories

| P/N        | Desc  | cription                    |        | Std      | UK       |
|------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| 0051-2320  | Pressure Regulator (1.0 l/min, 5/8"-18 UNF)   |                             |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 0051-2358  | Pressure Regulator (0.5 l/min, 5/8"-18 l  |                             | ✓      | ✓        |          |
| 0051-3299  | Pressure Regulator (0.3 l/min, 5/8"-18 l  |                             | ✓      | ✓        |          |
| 1100-1004  | Magnetic Wand   |                             |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 1100-2018  | <ul> <li>Calibration Kit (Standard Version), inclu</li> <li>MVR-300 Calibration Adapter, Star</li> <li>DIP Extractor Tool (1100-2022)</li> <li>Magnetic Wand (1100-1004)</li> <li>Tubing for Calibrating Kit, Reactive</li> </ul>   | ndard Version (1100-2017)   |        | <b>√</b> |          |
| 1100-2045  | Calibration Kit (UK Version), includes:  MVR-300 Calibration Adapter, UK  DIP Extractor Tool (1100-2022)  Magnetic Wand (1100-1004)  Tubing for Calibrating Kit, Reactive   | Gases (1000-3718)           |        |          | <b>√</b> |
| 1100-2022  | Extractor Tool (for removing sensor mo  | dule during replacement pro | ocess) | ✓        | ✓        |
| 1100-2043  | MVR-300 Standard Version, Replacement Plastics Kit, includes:  • Top Cover, Plastic (1100-2008)  • Bottom Cover, Plastic (1100-2009)  • Bezel, Plastic (1100-2010)  • Faceplate, Bacharach Logo, Plastic (1100-2011)  • Assembly Screws (1100-2026)  • Faceplate Screw (1100-2027)  • Light Pipe (1100-2038)  • Standard Installation Kit, Standard Version (1100-2036), includes:  ○ Rubber Boot (1100-2025)  ○ Heat Shrink Tubing (1100-2028)  MVR-300 UK Version, Replacement Plastics Kit, includes:  • Top Cover, UK Flush-mount, Plastic (1100-2023)  • Bottom Cover, Plastic (1100-2009)  • Assembly Screws (1100-2026)  • Light Pipe (1100-2038)  • Installation Kit, UK Version (1100-2037), includes:  ○ Rubber Boot (1100-2025)  ○ Heat Shrink Tubing (1100-2028)  ○ Mounting Clips, Qty 2 (1100-2039) |                             |        |          |          |
| 6203-0101  | <ul> <li>Mounting Clip Screws, Qt</li> <li>Calibrated Sensor Assembly</li> </ul>  | 0 to 2500 ppm               |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0102  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 5000 ppm               | R-410a | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0103  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 10000 ppm              |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0111  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 2500 ppm               |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0112  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly 0 to 5000 ppm R-407c   |                             |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0113  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 10000 ppm              |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0121  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 2500 ppm               |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0122  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 5000 ppm               | R-404a | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0123  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 10000 ppm              |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0141  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 2500 ppm               |        | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0142  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 5000 ppm               | R-32   | ✓        | ✓        |
| 6203-0143  | Calibrated Sensor Assembly  | 0 to 10000 ppm              |        | ✓        | <b>√</b> |
| On Request | Calibration Gas Cylinder  |                             |        | ✓        | ✓        |

## SECTION 10. CUSTOM UK BACK BOXES AND FACEPLATES

#### 10.1 Introduction to UK Version

The standard MVR-300 supports various back boxes as outlined earlier. A custom United Kingdom version of the MVR-300 has a slightly different mounting profile to support a unique non-standard mounting method of the typical UK back box. This version requires the use of a customized faceplate not supplied by Bacharach. This section explains the differences associated with installing and using the UK version of the MVR-300.



Functionally, the standard and UK versions of the MVR-300 are identical, but mechanical installation is slightly different. The UK version has a unique detector base plate (suitable for the UK back box) and requires a customized cover plate. Electrical wiring of the UK version is identical to the standard version, but requires additional grounding to accommodate custom metal faceplates.



Figure 24. UK Version of MVR-300 and Representative UK Back Box

### 10.2 Hardware Overview – UK Version

Most UK back boxes have mounting tabs of two different heights. The UK version of the MVR-300 accommodates both through the use of thicker, molded plastic mounting tabs, and optional thinner metal tabs. In applications requiring the thinner metal tabs, the standard plastic tabs must first be removed.

If the tabs of your back box are too high, the MVR-300 may protrude too far from wall. In this case, you will need to remove the plastic tabs from MVR-300 base plate and replace them with thinner metal tabs (provided) to permit proper flush mounting. This procedure is explained in detail in the next section.



Extreme care must be exercised when removing the plastic tabs to avoid damaging the base plate. Before permanently removing the thicker plastic tabs, be sure to dry fit the assembly using the plastic tabs first in order to verify that your UK back box requires the thinner metal tabs for proper flush mounting. Only then should the plastic tabs be removed from the base plate. Refer to the next section for detailed instructions.

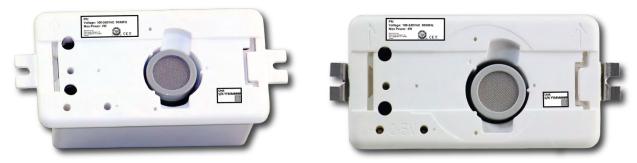


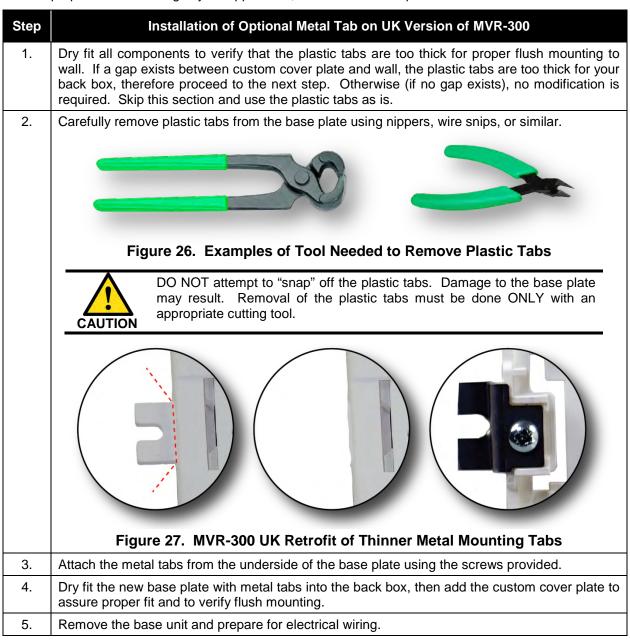
Figure 25. UK Base Plate with Plastic Tabs and Optional Thinner Metal Tabs

## 10.3 Using Optional Metal Tabs



Follow the instructions in this section ONLY after (1) dry fitting the MVR-300 using the plastic tabs, and (2) determining that the plastic tabs are too thick for the UK back box you are using (resulting in a gap between the wall and the custom faceplate.

After you determine that the plastic tabs on your base plate need to be replaced with the thinner metal tabs for proper flush mounting in your application, then follow the steps below.



### 10.4 Electrical Installation – UK Version

Wiring installation of the UK version of the MVR-300 includes earth grounding of the custom metal cover plate to the metal back box, and the box to earth ground. Refer to local codes, laws, guidelines, and best practices for wiring instructions. For remaining wiring installation details (power, communications, relays, etc.), refer to Section 3.4 on page 14.

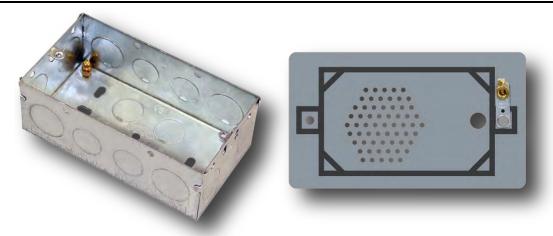


Figure 28. Typical Grounding Lugs on Custom Metal Cover Plate and UK Back Box

## 10.5 Customizing Face Plates

The UK version of the MVR-300 requires a customized faceplate (not supplied by Bacharach) that provides proper access holes for airflow to the sensor module and visual access to the LED indicator at a minimum. Optional holes for the two magnetic contact points will prevent the need to remove the faceplate for local programming and operation of the MVR-300, but are not required.



If the drill pattern of the customized (metal) faceplate does not accommodate the two magnetic switch locations, the faceplate must be removed to use the magnetic wand functions (e.g., zero adjustment, span adjustment, alarm latching, alarm silencing, etc.).





Figure 29. Sample Customized Faceplate with LED and Sensor Cutouts



For specifications and recommended drill patterns for customizing a UK faceplate that properly aligns with the MVR-300 UK, visit the MVR-300 product page at <a href="https://www.MyBacharach.com">www.MyBacharach.com</a> or contact Bacharach.

### 10.6 Calibration

Use the custom UK version of the calibration adapter to calibrate (zero or span) the UK version of the MVR-300. The UK version of the calibration adapter is a rubber boot that fits down over the Sensor Module. Unlike the standard Calibration Adapter, the UK Calibration Adapter has three vertical slits to accommodate the sensor module alignment ribs as the adapter is fitted down onto the Sensor Module.



Figure 30. UK Version Calibration Adapter with Tubing

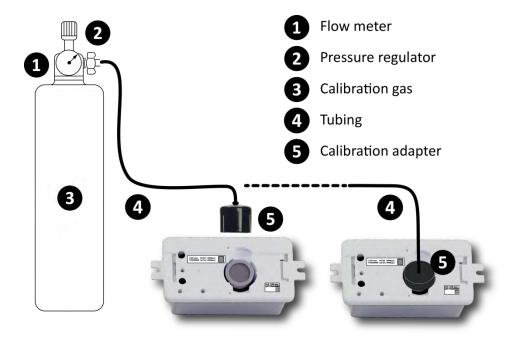


Figure 31. MVR-300 UK Calibration Components

| Item | Description of MVR-300 UK Calibration Components |  |
|------|--|--|
| 1    | Flow meter                                       |  |
| 2    | Pressure regulator                               |  |
| 3    | Calibration gas                                  |  |
| 4    | Tubing   |  |
| 5    | Calibration Adapter (UK version)                 |  |



Though calibration of the standard MVR-300 can be done from the faceplate or the base plate (with the bezel and faceplate removed), calibration of the *UK version* is designed to be done using the rubber calibration adapter with the custom faceplate removed.

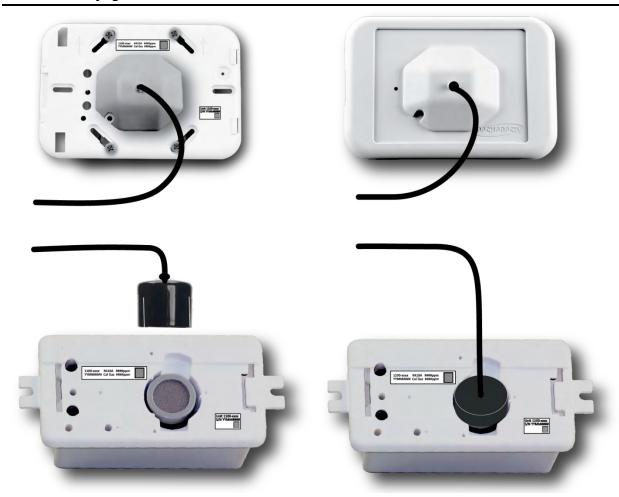


Figure 32. Standard (Top) vs. UK Version (Bottom) Calibration Adapters with Tubing



Aside from the calibration adapter itself (and the fitting of the adapter to the MVR-300), the actual zero and span calibration process is the same for both the standard and UK versions of the MVR-300.

## SECTION 11. DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



## **EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

| Product(s):   | Gas Detector  |
|---|---|
| Model(s):   | MVR-300, also referred to as 1100-2012, and derivatives   |
| The manufacturer of the products covered by this declaration: | Murco, a Bacharach Company 114a George's Street Lower Dun Laoghaire Ireland                                     |
| Year(s) conformity is declared:                               | 2016  |
| Directive(s)  | 2014/30/EU Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) 2014/35/EU Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2011/65/EU RoHS Directive |

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.



The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation.

### Harmonised Standard(s)

| EN 50270:2015                             | Electromagnetic compatibility - electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen |
|---|--|
| EN 55011:2009/A1:2010<br>Group 1, Class B | Industrial, scientific and medical equipment - Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement     |
| EN 61010-1:2010                           | Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use  |

Signed for and on behalf of Murco, a Bacharach Company

Dun Laoghaire, Ireland, 21-June-2016

Philip Hassell, Engineering Manager

The technical documentation file required by this directive is maintained at the headquarters of Murco, a Bacharach Company

Muys loweren



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